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17	IN THE UNITED STAT	TES DISTRICT COURT
18	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
19		
20	United States of America,	No. CR-18-422-PHX-SMB
21	Plaintiff,	UNITED STATES' RESPONSE TO
22	v.	SPEAR'S MOTION FOR BILL OF
	N. 1 17 1	PARTICULARS (Doc. 781)
23	Michael Lacey, et al.,	
24	Defendants.	
25		
26		
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28		

**Preliminary Statement** 

Defendant Scott Spear's Motion for Bill of Particulars should be denied. Defendant's request is untimely and unnecessary. First, the request is untimely, because Fed. R. Crim. P. 7(f) permits a Defendant to move for a bill of particulars within 14 days of arraignment or at a later time if the court permits. Here, Defendant's request came 18 months after arraignment and without any permission from the Court.

Second, the purpose of a bill of particulars is to inform defendants about the nature of the charges against them, avoid surprises at trial, and ensure that the charging document is not too vague for double jeopardy purposes. Here, the Superseding Indictment (doc. 230) (SI) is 92 pages and has 211 substantive paragraphs that not only informs Defendants of the criminal charges, but also provides a roadmap for the government's case against them, including detailed allegations about Defendants' knowledge and facilitation of prostitution and money laundering activities. (SI¶¶33-194.) Indeed, Defendants have often complained about the length of the SI, which contradicts Defendant's instant motion seeking further information about the criminal charges. (See Docs. 785, 794; see also Doc. 561 (referring to the SI as "prolix").)

Finally, the government has filed lengthy forfeiture complaints in the parallel civil matter pending before the Central District of California. (*See, e.g., United States v. Approximately \$518,172.92 in Bank Funds Seized from Wells Fargo Bank Account '4455*, Verified Complaint for Forfeiture, Case No. CV19-7048, attached as Exhibit A.) These complaints provide detailed information related to the nexus between the criminal violations and the property listed in the forfeiture allegations. The government has already provided Defendants with a font of information related to the criminal charges and the forfeiture. Defendant's motion should be denied.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On August 24, 2018, the government filed a Bill of Particulars re Forfeiture of Property. (Doc. 281.) The government may supplement that Bill of Particulars as necessary. This response opposes Defendant's request for a Bill of Particulars based on Spear's four specific categories.

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#### **Argument**

The purpose of a bill of particulars is to minimize the danger of surprise at trial, to provide sufficient information on the nature of the charges, to allow preparation of a defense, and to protect against double jeopardy. United States v. Mitchell, 744 F.2d 701, 705 (9th Cir. 1984); *United States v. Long*, 706 F.2d 1044, 1054 (9th Cir. 1983). If the indictment itself provides sufficient details of the charges then a bill of particulars isn't needed. United States v. Giese, 597 F.2d 1170, 1180 (9th Cir. 1979). "Full discovery also obviates the need for a bill of particulars." *Id.* "In determining if a bill of particulars should be ordered in a specific case, a court should consider whether the defendant has been advised adequately of the charges through the indictment and all other disclosures made by the government." Long, 706 F.2d at 1054. A bill of particulars is intended to give a defendant only that "minimum amount of information necessary to permit the defendant to conduct his own investigation." United States v. Taylor, 2017 WL 11458486, at \*2 (D. Ariz. July 10, 2017) (emphasis in original). Here, Defendants have received more than sufficient information advising them of the charges and permitting them the ability to conduct their own investigations.

#### I. **Defendant's Motion is Untimely.**

Rule 7(f) permits a defendant to move for a "bill of particulars before or within 14 days after arraignment or at a later time of the court permits." Fed. R. Crim. P. 7(f). Filing after 14 days, without first receiving leave from the court, is untimely. *United States v.* Galecki, 2018 WL 2390062, at \*5 (D. Nev. May 24, 2018). In Galecki, the defendant who had been represented by the same attorney throughout the case—filed his motion for a bill of particulars 18 months after his arraignment. *Id.* at \*4. Defendant did not seek, nor was he granted, leave from the court before filing. *Id.* Under these facts, the court held that defendant's motion was untimely and "denial of the motion is appropriate on this basis alone." *Id.* at \*5.

The Galecki facts are identical to the facts at issue. Spear was arraigned on April 9, 2018, and his current attorney entered an appearance on that same date. (Docs. 27 & 30.)

Defendant then waited 18 months before filing a motion for bill of particulars. (Doc. 781.) Before filing, Defendant failed to seek, and the Court did not grant, leave to file such a motion. These facts alone are sufficient for the Court to deny Spear's motion. *Galecki*, 2018 WL 2390062, at \*4-5 (filing a motion for bill of particulars 18 months after arraignment without first seeking and obtaining leave from the court is untimely and alone sufficient to deny motion). This Court, however, need not base its decision solely on Defendant's lack of compliance with the rule, because Spears's requested bill of particulars is also unnecessary.

#### **II.** The Government Need Not Disclose Names of Co-Conspirators.

Defendant's first request asks the government to identify each of Spear's alleged co-conspirators. As an initial matter, Defendant understands through the SI that his co-defendants in this matter are also his co-conspirators. In addition, Carl Ferrer—who has pleaded guilty to engaging in the conspiracy—is another co-conspirator. (CR-18-464-PHX-SMB, Docs. 7, 12, 20). Defendant therefore knows the identity of seven co-conspirators.

This is sufficient under governing case law. The Ninth Circuit has expressly held that a bill of particulars is not warranted to obtain the names of any known coconspirators. *United States v. DiCesare*, 765 F.2d 890, 897 (9th Cir. 1985). In *DiCesare*, defendants requested a bill of particulars in part "to obtain the names of any unknown coconspirators" and the Ninth Circuit affirmed the trial court's denial of the motion. *Id.* (citing *Wilkins v. United States*, 376 F.2d 552, 562-63 (5th Cir. 1967)). This is an issue that is settled within this circuit. *See, e.g., United States v. Ellis*, 121 F.Supp.3d 927, 940 (N.D. Cal. 2015) (citing *DiCesare* as support for denial of defendants' request for bill of particulars to identify the alleged members involved in the charged criminal conspiracy). Defendant's request should be denied.

#### III. The Specified Unlawful Activity is Clearly Articulated.

Defendant's second request seeks further details about the "specified unlawful activity" underpinning the money laundering charges in the SI. (Doc. 781 at 6-7.)

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Defendant argues that the government fails to identify the specified unlawful activity and he and his co-defendants are therefore "left to guess the Federal statute allegedly violated and how it was violated." (Doc. 781 at 6.) This argument is hard to understand. Defendant appears to have only reviewed the actual money laundering counts rather than a separate section in the SI titled "Money Laundering Activities." (SI¶177-194.) If Defendant had reviewed those paragraphs, he would already have answers to his questions. (Doc. 781 at 7 (posing four questions he wants the bill of particulars to answer).)

The SI provides specific allegations related to the 49 money laundering counts. For example, the SI states: "Backpage's customers overwhelmingly used the proceeds of criminal activity (i.e., money earned from pimping and prostitution) when purchasing ads on Backpage. In addition, because Backpage's publication of such ads was an independent crime (e.g., violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1952), the fees it collected from customers posting prostitution ads—estimated at more than \$500 million—constituted the proceeds of unlawful activity." (SI¶177.) In addition, in 2013, Spear, among other defendants, "discussed strategies for fooling credit card companies into believing that Backpageassociated charges were being incurred on different websites, including a proposal to set up shell companies without any apparent connection to Backpage . . . and use their bank accounts to accept payment." (SI¶179.) Spear also knew and strategized about Backpage utilizing an entity called Website Technologies, LLC, to process Backpage-related funds and "took steps to make it appear that Backpage and Website Technologies were independent entities." (SI¶187.) The SI also described the various stages of the money laundering process. For example, the SI alleges: "[T]he next stage of the moneylaundering process was for money to be wired from Website Technologies accounts to bank accounts held by a different entity called Cereus Properties LLC. . . . The authorized signers on the Cereus Properties accounts included SPEAR and BRUNST." (SI¶190.)

Defendants do not need to "guess" about the specified unlawful activity underpinning the money laundering charges. The SI provides specific, detailed allegations about the Travel Act violations at issue. Defendants are charged with a conspiracy to

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violate the Travel Act (Count 1), which, as this Court recently noted, means that each Defendant can be liable for each substantive count. (Doc. 793 at 19 (citing *United States v. Long*, 301 F.3d 1095, 1103 (9th Cir 2002) ("The *Pinkerton* doctrine is a judicially-created rule that makes a conspirator criminally liable for the substantive offenses committed by a co-conspirator when they are reasonably foreseeable and committed in furtherance of the conspiracy.")).) Additional information regarding the money laundering counts is unnecessary.

## IV. No Further Information is Necessary Regarding the Nexus Between Alleged Crimes and Property Listed in Forfeiture Allegations.

Defendant's final request seeks information related to the nexus between the criminal charges and the property listed in the forfeiture allegations. (Doc. 781 at 7.) Defendant argues that additional information regarding the forfeiture allegations is needed "so that time is not wasted guessing what financial data will be relevant to this case." (*Id.* at 8.) As an initial matter, the government is uncertain why Spear needs more information about the financial data to prepare for trial. The SI provides specific allegations related to the facts supporting the substantive counts, and further alleges that these criminal practices "enabled Backpage to earn over \$500 million in prostitution-related revenue during its fourteen years of existence." (SI¶1 & 177.) It's unclear what additional information Spear actually needs to prepare for trial on the forfeiture allegations.

To the extent the Court believes that additional information beyond what is included in the SI is needed, the attached Verified Complaint for Forfeiture provides it. (Ex. A.) The Complaint provides allegations related to the "assets held by or for the benefit of Scott Spear." (Ex. A at ¶¶ 50-55, 198.) The Complaint also provides dozens of pages of allegations in a section titled "Evidence Supporting Forfeiture." (Ex. A at 25-83.) These include sub-sections describing, "Backpage['s] Promotion of Prostitution and Sex Trafficking," "Payments for Advertising on Backpage," and "Bank Accounts Funded with Proceeds Traceable to SUA, Involved in Money Laundering, or Both," among others. In evaluating whether a bill of particulars should be ordered, the Court "should consider

1	whether the defendant has been advised adequately of the charges through the indictment	
2	and all other disclosures made by the government." Long, 706 F.2d at 1054. Here, it's	
3	clear the government has provided sufficient disclosures related to the forfeiture	
4	allegations.	
5	<u>Conclusion</u>	
6	Bills of particulars are granted when the government offers vague allegations about	
7	the crimes at issue and more information is needed for defendants to prepare for trial.	
8	That's not the case here. The SI provides nearly 100 pages of allegations that ensure	
9	Defendants understand the charges against them with great precision. Defendant Spear's	
10	request for further information is both untimely and unnecessary and the motion should be	
11	denied.	
12	Respectfully submitted this 27th day of November, 2019.	
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14	United States Attorney District of Arizona	
15	s/Andrew C. Stone	
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22	U.S. Department of Justice Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice	
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24	REGINALD E. JONES	
25	Senior Trial Attorney U.S. Department of Justice, Criminal Division	
26	Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section	
27		
28		

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I hereby certify that on November 27, 2019, I electronically transmitted the attached document to the Clerk's Office using the CM/ECF System for filing and transmittal of a Notice of Electronic Filing to the CM/ECF registrants who have entered their appearance as counsel of record. <u>s/Angela Schuetta</u>Angela SchuettaU.S. Attorney's Office 

# Exhibit A

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                     FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
14
                                WESTERN DIVISION
15
    UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
                                           No. CV 19-7048
16
              Plaintiff,
                                           VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR FORFEITURE
17
                    v.
                                           18 U.S.C. §§ 981(a)(1)(A) & (C)
18
    APPROXIMATELY $518,172.92 IN BANK
                                           [U.S.P.I.S.]
19
    FUNDS SEIZED FROM WELLS FARGO BANK
    ACCOUNT '4455,
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              Defendant.
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The United States of America brings this complaint against the above-captioned asset(s) and alleges as follows:

#### PERSONS AND ENTITIES

- 1. The plaintiff is the United States of America ("plaintiff" or the "government").
- 2. Defendant is approximately \$518,172.92 seized from Wells Fargo Bank Account '4455 ("BofA '4455 Funds" or "Account 66" or "Defendant Asset").
- 3. The Defendant Asset is held in the name of Cardquiry. The persons and entities whose interests may be affected by this action is Cardquiry.
- 4. Contemporaneously with the filing of this first amended complaint, plaintiff is filing related actions seeking the civil forfeiture of the following assets (collectively, the "Subject Assets"):

#### FUNDS HELD AT USAA SAVINGS BANK:

5. Approximately \$1,412,085.94 in Bank Funds Seized from USAA Savings Account '2155 ("USAA '2155 Funds" or "Account 59");
Approximately \$1,502,927.74 in Bank Funds Seized from USAA Savings Account '2058 ("USAA '2058 Funds" or "Account 60"); Approximately \$1,453,008.51 in Bank Funds Seized from USAA Savings Account '2171 ("USAA '2171 Funds" or "Account 61"); and approximately \$1,422,147.37 in Bank Funds Seized from USAA Savings Account '1507 ("USAA '1507 Funds" or "Account 62").

#### FUNDS HELD AT AMRO BANK N.V. AND PLAINS CAPITAL BANK:

6. Approximately \$182,182.50 seized from Amro Bank N.V.

Account '6352 ("Amro '6352 Funds" or "Account 63") held in the name of Ad Tech BV with Stichting Zencotrust.

- 7. Approximately \$23,175.00 seized from Plains Capital Bank Account '3939 ("Plains Capital '3939 Funds" or "Account 64") held in the name of Scheef & Stone, LLP.
- 8. Approximately \$11,802.76 seized from Citibank Account '6973 ("Citibank '6973 Funds" or "Account 65") held in the name of.

#### FUNDS HELD AT CITIBANK:

9. Approximately \$11,802.92 in Bank Funds Seized from Citibank Account '6973 ("Citibank '6973 Funds" or "Account 65") held in the name of Schiff Hardin LLP. IOLTA.

#### PREVIOUSLY FILED RELATED CIVIL FORFEITURE ACTIONS

10. Previously, plaintiff filed related actions seeking the civil forfeiture of the following assets (collectively, the "Subject Assets"):

#### FUNDS HELD AT POSTING SOLUTIONS:

11. \$3,374,918.61 seized from Prosperity Bank account `7188 ("Prosperity `7188 Funds" or "Account 1") held in the name of Posting Solutions, LLC.<sup>1</sup>

#### FUNDS HELD AT CEREUS PROPERTIES LLC:

- 12. \$5,462,027.17 seized from Compass Bank account '3873 ("Compass '3873 Funds" or "Account 2"), held in the name of Cereus Properties, LLC, an entity owned or controlled by Scott Spear.
- 13. \$407,686.14 seized from Compass Bank account `4862 ("Compass `4862 Funds" or "Account 3"), held in the name of Cereus Properties, LLC.

#### ASSETS HELD BY OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF MICHAEL LACEY:

14. \$689,884.48 seized from First Federal Savings & Loan of San

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Attached hereto as exhibit A is an index of the Subject Assets that consist of funds or securities on deposit at or seized from financial institutions.

Rafael account '3620 ("FFS&L of SR '3620 Funds" or "Account 4"), held in the name of Michael Lacey ("Lacey");

- 15. \$515,899.85 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '2485 ("RBA '2485 Funds" or "Account 5"), held in the name of Lacey;
  - 16. \$75,835.31 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '1897 ("RBA '1897 Funds" or "Account 6"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 17. \$500,000.00 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '3126 ("RBA '3126 Funds" or "Account 7"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 18. \$601,827.10 seized from or frozen in Republic Bank of Arizona Certificate of Deposit ("CDARS")<sup>2</sup> account'8316 ("RBA '8316 Funds" or "Account 8"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 19. \$302,177.57 seized from or frozen in Republic Bank of Arizona CDARS account '8324 ("RBA '8324 Funds" or "Account 9"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 20. \$300,000.00 seized from or frozen in Republic Bank of Arizona CDARS account '8332 ("RBA '8332 Funds" or "Account 10"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 21. \$484,745.72 seized from or frozen in Credit Union account '2523 ("SFFCU '2523 Funds" or "Account 11"), held in the name of Lacey;
- 22. \$2,412,785.47 seized from or frozen in place at Money Gram, having originated from Midfirst Bank account '4139 ("IOLTA3" '4139" or Account 12), held in the name of attorney, "J.B." for the benefit of

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  CDARS is a program that allows a depositor to spread funds across several banks in order to maintain account balances below the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's insurance limits at any particular bank.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize 3}}$  An "IOLTA" is the common name for an Interest on Lawyer Trust Account.

Lacey;

- 23. All right and title to the real property located in Sebastopol, California titled in the name of Finca Manzana for Sebastopol, LLC ("Sebastopol Property"), APN 076-100-0008-000, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom; 4
- 24. All right and title to the real property located in San Francisco, California titled in the name of Lacey and Alyson Talley ("San Francisco Property 1"), APN 07-1008-057-01, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 25. All right and title to the real property located in San Francisco, California titled in the name of Casa Bahia for San Francisco, LLC ("San Francisco Property 2"), APN 0563-029, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 26. All right and title to the real property located in San Francisco, California titled in the name of Lacey ("San Francisco Property 3"), APN 0097C011, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 27. All right and title to the real property located in Sedona, Arizona titled in the name of Creek Hideaway, LLC ("Sedona Property"), APN 405-06-001B, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Pursuant to Local Rule 5.2-1, only the city and state of residence addresses are set forth in this Complaint

28. All right and title to the real property located in Paradise Valley, Arizona titled in the name of Lacey ("Paradise Valley Property 2"), APN 164-05-122, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;

#### ASSETS HELD BY OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF JAMES LARKIN:

- 29. \$1,546,076.35 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '1889 ("RBA '1889 Funds" or "Account 13"), held in the name of James Larkin ("Larkin");
- 30. \$1,001,731.18 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '2592 ("RBA '2592 Funds" or "Account 14"), held in the name of Larkin;
- 31. \$501,248.14 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '8103 ("RBA '8103 Funds" or "Account 16"), held in the name of Larkin;
- 32. \$251,436.93 seized from Republic Bank of Arizona account '8162 ("RBA '8162 Funds" or "Account 17"), held in the name of Larkin;
- 33. Any and all funds on deposit in Republic Bank of Arizona account '8189 ("RBA '8189 Funds" or "Account 18"), held in the name of Larkin. RBA is holding the account until it matures, at which time RBA will issue a check to the government for all funds in Account 18;
- 34. \$621,832.06 in U.S. currency seized from Perkins Coie Trust Company account '0012 ("PCTC '0012 Funds" or "Account 19"), held in the name of Margaret Larkin ("M. Larkin");
- 35. \$9,882,828.72 in securities or investment instruments seized from Perkins Coie Trust Company account '0012 ("PCTC

Investment Funds" or "Account 20"), held in the name of M. Larkin;

- 36. \$34,149,280.00 seized from Acacia Conservation Fund LP account '2020 ("ACF Funds" or "Account 21"), held in the name of Ocotillo Family Trust;
- 37. \$278.73 seized from Bank of America account '8225 ("BA '8225 Funds" or "Account 22"), held in the name of Troy C. Larkin ("T. Larkin");
- 38. \$1,038.42 seized from Bank of America account '7054 ("BA '7054 Funds" or "Account 23"), held in the name Ramon Larkin ("R. Larkin");
- 39. All right and title to the real property located in Paradise Valley, Arizona titled in the name of Larkin ("Paradise Valley Property 1"), APN 173-11-006C, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 40. All right and title to the real property located in Saint Helena, California titled in the name of Larkin and M. Larkin, Trustees for Ocotillo Family Trust ("Saint Helena Property"), APN 030-050-028-000, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 41. All right and title to the real property located in Chicago, Illinois titled in the name of John C. Larkin ("J.C. Larkin"), M. Larkin and Larkin ("Chicago Property"), APN 20-14-201-079-1054, including all appurtenances, improvements, and attachments thereon, as well as all leases, rents, and profits derived therefrom;
- 42. Accounts 59, 60, 60, and 62, are all held in the name of Anne Hawkins, a sister-in-law to Larkin, and were funded with

proceeds alleged to have been traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.

#### ASSETS HELD BY OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF JOHN BRUNST:

- 43. \$359,527.06 seized from Compass Bank account number '3825 ("Compass '3825 Funds" or "Account 24"), held in the name of the John Brunst Family Trust;
- 44. \$5,848,729.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '6878 ("AB '6878 Funds" or "Account 25"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;
- 45. \$372,878.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '4954 ("AB '4954 Funds" or "Account 26"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;
- 46. \$342,596.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '7892 ("AB '7892 Funds" or "Account 27"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;
- 47. \$306,277.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '7889 ("AB '7889 Funds" or "Account 28"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;
- 48. \$275,328.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '7888 ("AB '7888 Funds" or "Account 29"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;
- 49. \$527,624.00 seized from Alliance Bernstein account '6485 ("AB '6485 Funds" or "Account 30"), held in the name of the Brunst Family Trust;

#### ASSETS HELD BY OR FOR THE BENEFIT OF SCOTT SPEAR:

50. \$404,374.12 seized from National Bank of Arizona account '0178 ("NBA '0178 Funds" or "Account 31"), held in the name of Scott Spear ("Spear");

- 51. \$1,925.80 seized from National Bank of Arizona account '0151 ("NBA '0151 Funds" or "Account 32"), held in the name of Spear and Ellona Spear ("E. Spear"); and
- 52. \$613,573.28 seized from National Bank of Arizona account '3645 ("NBA '3645 Funds" or "Account 33"), held in the name of Spear and E. Spear Family Trust.
- 53. \$260,283.40 seized from Live Oak Bank account '6910 ("LOB '6910 Funds" or "Account 34"), held in the name of Spear and E. Spear Family Trust.
- 54. \$64,552.82 seized from or frozen in Ascensus Broker Services '4301 ("ABS '4301 Funds" or "Account 35"), held in the name of Natasha Spear ("N. Spear").
- 55. \$56,902.99 seized from or frozen in Ascensus Broker Services '8001 ("ABS '8001 Funds" or "Account 36"), held in the name of N. Spear.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF PRIMUS TRUST

56. \$16,500,000 seized from K&H account `1210 ("K&H `1210 Funds" or "Account 37"), held in the name of Primus Trust, with Lacey being at least one of the beneficiaries of the Trust. The bank is located in Hungary.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF GOLD LEAF SRO

- 57. €1,680,028.85 seized from Fio account `2226 ("Fio `2226 Funds" or "Account 38"), held in the name of the Gold Leaf SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
- 58. £60.98 seized from Fio account '2231 ("Fio '2231 Funds" or "Account 39"), held in the name of the Gold Leaf SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
  - 59. \$72.87 seized from Fio account '2230 ("Fio '2230 Funds" or

"Account 40"), held in the name of the Gold Leaf SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF PROTECCTIO SRO

- 60. €3,213,937.82 seized from Fio account `4194 ("Fio `4194 Funds" or "Account 41"), held in the name of the Protectio SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
- 61. \$52.90 seized from Fio account '4196 ("Fio '4196 Funds" or "Account 42"), held in the name of the Protecctio SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
- 62. £52.65 seized from Fio account '4198 ("Fio '4198 Funds" or "Account 43"), held in the name of the Protecctio SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF VARICOK COMPANY SRO

- 63. €605,976.95 seized from Fio account '8083 ("Fio '8083 Funds" or "Account 44"), held in the name of the Varicok Company SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
- 64. £458.99 seized from Fio account '8086 ("Fio '8086 Funds" or "Account 45"), held in the name of the Varicok Company SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic;
- 65. \$48.10 seized from Fio account '8080 ("Fio '8080 Funds" or "Account 46"), held in the name of the Varicok Company SRO. The bank is located in the Czech Republic.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF AD TECH BV

- 66. Any and all funds seized from Bank Frick account `K000 K ("BF `K000 K Funds" or "Account 47") on or about June 1, 2018, held in the name of Ad Tech BV. The bank is located in the Principality of Liechtenstein;
  - 67. Any and all funds seized from Bank Frick account 'K000 U

- ("BF 'K000 U Funds" or "Account 48") on or about June 1, 2018, held in the name of Ad Tech BV. The bank is located in the Principality of Liechtenstein;
- 68. Any and all funds seized from Bank Frick account 'K000 E ("BF 'K000 E Funds" or "Account 49") on or about June 1, 2018, held in the name of Ad Tech BV. The bank is located in the Principality of Liechtenstein;
- 69. Any and all funds seized from Bank Frick account `K001 K ("BF `K001 K Funds" or "Account 50") on or about June 1, 2018, held in the name of Ad Tech BV. The bank is located in the Principality of Liechtenstein.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF PROCOP SERVICES BV

70. Any and all funds seized from Knab Bank account '7664 ("KB '7664 Funds" or "Account 51") on or about May 24, 2018, held in the name of Procop Services BV. The bank is located in the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF GULIETTA GROUP BV

71. Any and all funds seized from Rabo Bank account '2452 ("RB '2452 Funds" or "Account 52") on or about May 24, 2018, held in the name of the Gulietta Group BV. The bank is located in the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF UNIVERSADS BV

72. Any and all funds seized from Rabo Bank account '4721 ("RB '4721 Funds" or "Account 53") on or about May 24, 2018, held in the name of the UniversAds BV. The bank is located in the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF OLIST OU

73. Any and all funds seized from LHV Pank account number '4431

("LHVP '4431 Funds" or "Account 54") on or about June 15, 2018, held in the name of Olist Ou ("Ou"). The bank is located in the Republic of Estonia.

#### FUNDS HELD IN THE NAME OF CASHFLOWS EUROPE LIMITED

74. £747,664.15 seized from Saxo Payments account '1262 ("SP '1262 Funds" or "Account 55"), held in the name of the Cashflows Europe Limited ("Cashflows"). Cashflows is holding these funds for the benefit of Gulietta Group B.V., Universads B.V., Procop Services B.V., and Proteccio SRO, each of which is an entity owned or controlled by Backpage (defined below). United Kingdom law enforcement officials have restrained the funds held by these four companies and consolidated them into this Saxo Payments account. The bank is located in the United Kingdom.

#### ASCIO/WMB INC DOMAIN NAMES<sup>5</sup>

75. atlantabackpage.com; backpage.be; backpage.com;
backpage.com.br; backpage.cz; backpage.dk; backpage.ee; backpage.es;
backpage.fi; backpage.fr; backpage.gr; backpage.hu; backpage.ie;
backpage.it; backpage.lt; backpage.mx; backpage.net; backpage.no;
backpage.pl; backpage.pt; backpage.ro; backpage.si; backpage.sk;
backpage.us; backpage-insider.com; bestofbackpage.com;
bestofbigcity.com; bigcity.com; chicagobackpage.com;
denverbackpage.com; newyorkbackpage.com;
phoenixbackpage.com; sandiegobackpage.com; seattlebackpage.com; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Backpage, which operated principally online, controlled numerous internet domain names. These domain names were registered by "ASCIO TECHNOLOGIES INC" DBA "NETNAMES," a domain registrar. Domain registrars serve to ensure that a registered domain name is not licensed to more than one user. Domain registration allows the owner of the domain to direct internet traffic to a specific webserver.

tampabackpage.com (collectively, the "Seized Domain Names"), and all rights and privileges associated therewith.

#### SURRENDERED6 DOMAIN NAMES

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          admoderation.com; admoderators.com; adnet.ws;
adplace24.com; adplaces24.com; adpost24.com; adpost24.cz;
adquick365.com; adreputation.com; ads-posted-mp.com; adsplace24.com;
adspot24.com; adspots24.com; adsspot24.com; adtechbv.co.nl;
adtechbv.com; adtechbv.nl; advert-ep.com; adverts-mp.com; axme.com;
backOage.com; backpa.ge; backpaee.com; backpage-insider.com;
backpage.adult; backpage.ae; backpage.at; backpage.ax; backpage.be;
backpage.bg; backpage.bg; backpage.ca; backpage.cl; backpage.cn;
backpage.cn; backpage.co.id; backpage.co.nl; backpage.co.nl;
backpage.co.nz; backpage.co.uk; backpage.co.ve; backpage.co.za;
backpage.com; backpage.com.ar; backpage.com.au; backpage.com.ph;
backpage.cz; backpage.dk; backpage.ec; backpage.ee; backpage.ee;
backpage.es; backpage.fi; backpage.fi; backpage.fr; backpage.fr;
backpage.gr; backpage.gr; backpage.hk; backpage.hk; backpage.hu;
backpage.hu; backpage.ie; backpage.in; backpage.it; backpage.jp;
backpage.kr; backpage.lt; backpage.lv; backpage.lv; backpage.me;
backpage.mx; backpage.my; backpage.net; backpage.nl; backpage.no;
backpage.no; backpage.nz; backpage.pe; backpage.ph; backpage.pk;
backpage.pl; backpage.porn; backpage.pt; backpage.ro; backpage.ro;
backpage.se; backpage.sex; backpage.si; backpage.si;
backpage.sk; backpage.sk; backpage.sucks; backpage.tw; backpage.uk;
backpage.uk.com; backpage.us; backpage.vn; backpage.xxx;
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> On April 5, 2018, in the District of Arizona, Backpage.com, LLC and related entities plead guilty to 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h) (money laundering conspiracy). Pursuant to its guilty plea, Backpage surrendered certain assets, including those identified herein.

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    backpage.xyz; backpagecompimp.com; backpagecompimps.com;
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    backpagepimp.com; backpagepimps.com; backpagg.com; backpagm.com;
 3
    backpagu.com; backpaoe.com; backpawe.com; backqage.com; backrage.com;
 4
    backxage.com; bakkpage.com; bcklistings.com; bestofbackpage.com;
 5
    bestofbigcity.com; bickpage.com; bigcity.com; bpclassified.com;
 6
    bpclassifieds.com; carlferrer.com; clasificadosymas.com;
 7
    clasificadosymas.net; clasificadosymas.org;
 8
    classifiedsolutions.co.uk; classifiedsolutions.net;
 9
    classyadultads.com; columbusbackpage.com; connecticutbackpage.com;
    cracker.co.id; cracker.com; cracker.com.au; cracker.id;
10
11
    cracker.net.au; crackers.com.au; crackers.net.au; ctbackpage.com;
12
    dallasbackpage.com; denverbackpage.com; easypost123.com;
13
    easyposts123.com; emais.com.pt; evilempire.com; ezpost123.com;
14
    fackpage.com; fastadboard.com; guliettagroup.nl; htpp.org;
15
    ichold.com; internetspeechfoundation.com;
    internetspeechfoundation.org; loads2drive.com; loadstodrive.com;
16
17
    loadtodrive.com; losangelesbackpage.com; mediafilecloud.com;
18
    miamibackpage.com; minneapolisbackpage.com; mobileposting.com;
19
    mobilepostings.com; mobilepostlist.com; mobilposting.com; naked.city;
20
    nakedcity.com; newyorkbackpage.com; paidbyhour.com; petseekr.com;
21
    petsfindr.com; phoenixbackpage.com; posteasy123.com; postfaster.com;
22
    postfastly.com; postfastr.com; postonlinewith.com; postonlinewith.me;
    postseasy123.com; postsol.com; postszone24.com; postszone24.com;
23
24
    postzones24.com; rentseekr.com; results911.com; sandiegobackpage.com;
    sanfranciscobackpage.com; seattlebackpage.com; sellyostuffonline.com;
25
26
    sfbackpage.com; simplepost24.com; simpleposts24.com; svc.ws;
27
    truckrjobs.com; ugctechgroup.com; universads.nl;
28
    villagevoicepimps.com; websitetechnologies.co.uk;
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websitetechnologies.com; websitetechnologies.net;
 1
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    websitetechnologies.nl; websitetechnologies.org; weprocessmoney.com;
 3
    wst.ws; xn--yms-fla.com; ymas.ar.com; ymas.br.com; ymas.br.com;
 4
    ymas.bz; ymas.cl; ymas.cl; ymas.co.bz; ymas.co.bz;
 5
    ymas.co.cr; ymas.co.ni; ymas.co.ni; ymas.co.ni; ymas.co.ve;
 6
    ymas.co.ve; ymas.com; ymas.com.br; ymas.com.br; ymas.com.bz;
 7
    ymas.com.bz; ymas.com.co; ymas.com.do; ymas.com.do;
 8
    ymas.com.ec; ymas.com.ec; ymas.com.es; ymas.com.es; ymas.com.gt;
 9
    ymas.com.gt; ymas.com.hn; ymas.com.hn; ymas.com.mx; ymas.com.ni;
10
    ymas.com.ni; ymas.com.pe; ymas.com.pe; ymas.com.pr; ymas.com.pr;
11
    ymas.com.pt; ymas.com.uy; ymas.com.uy; ymas.com.ve; ymas.com.ve;
12
    ymas.cr; ymas.cr; ymas.do; ymas.ec; ymas.ec; ymas.es;
13
    ymas.es; ymas.org; ymas.pe; ymas.pe; ymas.us; ymas.us;
14
    ymas.uy; ymas.uy; and ymas.uy.com (collectively, the "Surrendered
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    Domain Names"), and all rights and privileges associated therewith.
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#### OTHER BACKPAGE SURRENDERED ASSETS

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- 77. \$699,940.00 surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from ING Bank account '7684, ("ING '7684 Funds"), held in the name of Payment Solutions BV.
- 78. \$106,988.41 surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from ING Bank account '2071 ("ING '2071 Funds"), held in the name of Payment Solutions BV.
- 79. \$499,910.01 surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from US Bank account '0239 ("US Bank '2039 Funds"), held in the name of Affordable Bail Bonds LLC.
- 80. \$50,000.00 surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177 ("EBT '7177 Funds"), held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC.

- 81. \$1,876.36 surrendered on or about August 23, 2018, from ING Bank account '2071 ("ING '2071 Funds"), held in the name of Payment Solutions BV.
- 82. \$50,357.35 surrendered on or about August 24, 2018, from ING Bank account '7684 ("ING '7684 Funds"), held in the name of Payment Solutions BV.
- 83. \$248,970.00 surrendered on or about May 11, 2018, from Citibank NA, account '0457 ("Citibank NA '0457 Funds"), held in the name of Paul Hastings LLP.
- 84. \$52,500.00 surrendered on or about June 25, 2018, from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177 ("EBT '7177 Funds"), held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC.
- 85. \$65,000.00 surrendered on or about July 18, 2018, from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177 ("EBT '7177 Funds"), held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC.
- 86. \$5,534.54 surrendered on or about August 9, 2018, from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177 ("EBT '7177 Funds"), held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC.
- 87. \$40,000.00 surrendered on or about July 16, 2018, from Crypto Capital
- 88. 6 Bitcoins surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
- 89. 199.99995716 Bitcoins surrendered on or about April 6, 24 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
  - 90. 404.99984122 Bitcoins surrendered on or about April 6, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
  - 91. 173.97319 Bitcoins surrendered on or about April 26, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;

- 92. 411.00019 Bitcoins surrendered on or about April 13, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
  - 93. 2.00069333 Bitcoins surrendered on or about May 7, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;

- 94. 136.6544695 Bitcoins surrendered on or about June 15, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
- 95. 2,673.59306905 Bitcoins Cash surrendered on or about April 26, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
- 96. 55.5 Bitcoins Cash surrendered on or about May 3, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
- 97. 73.62522241 Bitcoins Cash surrendered on or about June 15, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
- 98. 16,310.79413202 Litecoins surrendered on or about April 26, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
  - 99. 783.9735116 Litecoins surrendered on or about June 15, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet;
  - 100. 509.81904619 Bitcoins Gold surrendered on or about June 21, 2018, from a Backpage controlled wallet; and
    - 101. \$3,713,121.03 surrendered on or about August 13, 2018, from Bank of America account '3414, held in the name of Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP.

#### NATURE OF THE ACTION AND CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

102. This is a civil action in rem to forfeit assets derived from or traceable to proceeds of one or more crimes defined as "specified unlawful activity" ("SUA"); and/or involved in one or more conspiracies to launder money, internationally launder money for promotion of one or more SUA, and/or financial transactions involving illicit proceeds. The property sought for forfeiture is located in

- the United States and abroad, including the Country of Hungary, the Czech Republic, the Principality of Liechtenstein, and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.
- 103. The Subject Assets, including the Defendant Assets, represent property derived from or traceable to proceeds to multiple knowing violations of federal laws constituting SUA, including 18 U.S.C. §§ 1591 (Sex Trafficking of Children) and 1952 (Interstate and Foreign Travel in Aid of Racketeering Enterprise). The Defendant Assets are therefore subject to forfeiture pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C).
- 104. Further, the Subject Assets, including the Defendant Assets, represent property involved in or traceable to one or more transactions or attempted transactions in violation of:
- a. 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) (Money Laundering for Concealment) and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h);
- b. 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(2) (International Money Laundering for Promotion) and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h); and
- c. 18 U.S.C. § 1957 (Monetary Transactions with Proceeds of SUA) and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h).
- The Defendant Asset is therefore subject to forfeiture pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(A).

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 26 | 105. This civil forfeiture action is brought pursuant to 18 27 | U.S.C. § 981(a)(1).
  - 106. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28

U.S.C. §§ 1345 and 1355.

107. Venue lies in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1355(b)(1)(A) or 1355(b)(2) because acts and omissions giving rise to the forfeiture took place in the Central District of California and/or 28 U.S.C. § 1395(b), because certain of the Subject Assets are located in the Central District of California.

#### INDIVIDUALS AND ENTITIES

- 108. Backpage.com, LLC, ("Backpage") incorporated in Delaware in 2004, was an internet-based company that allowed customers to post on-line classified advertisements. These advertisements were posted in a variety of categories, including adult, automotive, community, dating, jobs, local places, musicians, rentals and services. Prior to its closure by federal law enforcement authorities in April 2018, Backpage was visited by 75 to 100 million unique internet visitors per month.
- 109. Between 2004 and April 2018, Backpage realized annual profits of tens of millions of dollars from adult advertisements. Historically, the adult category, where Backpage advertisers posted sex trafficking ads, made up less than ten percent of all the website's advertisements. However, those ads generated more than 90 percent of Backpage's revenue.
- 110. Lacey was a co-creator of Backpage.com who was responsible for the website's policies and strategic direction. Lacey maintained significant control over the website during the relevant period described in this complaint, and continued to receive tens of millions of dollars in Backpage-related distributions even after purportedly selling his interest in Backpage in 2015.
  - 111. Larkin was a co-creator of Backpage.com who was responsible

- for the website's policies and strategic direction. Larkin maintained significant control over the website during the relevant period described in this complaint, and continued to receive tens of millions of dollars in Backpage-related distributions even after purportedly selling his interest in Backpage in 2015.
- 112. Carl Ferrer ("Ferrer"), though not an original owner, was a co-creator and one of the original officers of Backpage, having initially served as Backpage's vice-president, and later as CEO.

  Ferrer is also the CEO of several Backpage-related entities in the Netherlands, including "Website Technologies," "Amstel River Holdings," and "Ad Tech BV."
- 113. John "Jed" Brunst ("Brunst") was a minority owner of Backpage who owned 5.67 percent of the company at the time of its inception. Brunst served as the Chief Financial Officer of Backpage and several of Backpage's parent companies.
- 114. Spear was a minority owner of Backpage who owned 4.09 percent of the company at the time of its inception. Spear served as Executive Vice President of one of Backpage's parent companies.
- 115. "M.G." had no formal position at Backpage, but was the President, Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer, and Secretary of Posting Solutions LLC, a wholly owned Backpage subsidiary with a principal place of business in Dallas, Texas ("Posting Solutions"), which accepted payments from Backpage advertisers. M.G. was also the Chief Financial Officer of Website Technologies, and directed and controlled many of the international and domestic financial transactions of Backpage and its related entities.
- 116. Daniel Hyer ("Hyer") served as Backpage's Sales and
  Marketing Director. He remained an account signatory for numerous

- Backpage-controlled entities, including Website Technologies, until Backpage's closure.
- 117. Andrew Padilla ("Padilla") served as Backpage's Operations Manager.
- 118. Joye Vaught ("Vaught") served as Backpage's assistant Operations Manager.
- 119. Lacey, Larkin, Ferrer, Brunst, Spear, M.G., Hyer, Padilla, and Vaught are referred to collectively herein as "Backpage Operators."

#### EVIDENCE SUPPORTING FORFEITURE

#### I. The Formation and Evolution of Backpage

- 120. Lacey and Larkin were the founders of the *Phoenix New Times*, an alternative newspaper based in Arizona. Lacey and Larkin subsequently acquired several other alternative newspapers that they operated through an entity called Village Voice Media Holdings ("VVMH"). Spear served as VVMH's Executive Vice President and Brunst served as VVMH's Chief Financial Officer.
- 121. As far back as the 1980's, VVMH publications routinely included ads for prostitution.
- 122. By 2000, the popularity of the website www.craigslist.com ("Craigslist"), which offered free classified ads that included prostitution ads, began to disrupt VVMH's business, which depended on classified advertising revenue.
- 123. Lacey and Larkin, assisted by Ferrer, sought to address this disruption by creating Backpage, which would compete directly with Craigslist. As stated in an internal Backpage document, "[I]n 2004, in response to the Craigslist threat that was decimating daily newspapers, VVMH launched its own online classified site,

Backpage.com, named after the back page of VVMH's print publication."

- 124. From 2004 until 2015, Lacey and Larkin bore primary responsibility for Backpage's policies and strategic direction. In 2015, Lacey and Larkin purported to sell to Ferrer all or substantially all of their respective interests in Backpage. In fact, Lacey and Larkin retained significant control over Backpage, and both continued to receive millions of dollars of annual distributions of Backpage revenue after the purported sale.
- 125. From its inception, most of Backpage's earnings represented the proceeds of illegal activity, specifically prostitution and sex trafficking, including child sex trafficking. By 2015, the major credit card companies were refusing to process payments to or for Backpage, and banks were closing Backpage's accounts out of concern the accounts were being used for illegal purposes.
- 126. In response to these measures, the Backpage Operators initiated and pursued a wide variety of money laundering strategies and techniques designed, in part, to conceal the source and location of the revenues generated by Backpage ads, including ads for human trafficking and illegal prostitution. These strategies included (a) instructing customers to send checks and money orders to a Post Office box, funneling those funds into bank accounts held in the names of entities with no apparent connection to Backpage, and then giving customers a corresponding "credit" to purchase Backpage ads; (b) accepting Backpage proceeds through foreign bank accounts and thereafter redirecting the funds to Backpage Operators in the U.S. and abroad, or transferring the funds back to domestic bank accounts (to conceal the nature, source, location, ownership and control of those funds and promote Backpage's ongoing illegal operations); and

(c) converting customers payments and the proceeds of Backpage's illegal business into and out of digital currency.

#### II. The Sources and Manipulation of Backpage Criminal Proceeds

#### A. Backpage Promotion of Prostitution and Sex Trafficking

- 127. Numerous Backpage ads were used to sell minors for sex and forcibly traffic adult women for sex. Among the pimps and sex traffickers who used Backpage to advertise their victims were many who were later convicted of sex trafficking offenses. For example,
- a. During 2014 and 2015, a pimp sold S.F., a minor girl, for sex. The pimp advertised S.F. on Backpage's "Escort" section in the Los Angeles area of California and in Arizona. The ad contained phrases such as "New In Town" and "Sexy Dark Asian Bombshell with a Nice & Tight {Booty}." The ad selling S.F. on Backpage included multiple pictures showing her legs, stomach, shoulders and buttocks. The pimp who placed the ad was ultimately arrested, convicted on state sex trafficking charges, and sentenced to 196 years imprisonment.
- b. During 2014 and 2015, the same pimp sold A.C., a minor girl, for sex. In November 2014, at the age of 17, A.C. was first sold for sex through a Backpage ad using phrases such as "NEW IN TOWN," "sexy sweet," and "sweet like honey but super hot like fire." The Backpage ad selling A.C. included pictures of her showing her legs, stomach, shoulder, and buttocks, and posed in sexually

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Digital currency (also known as crypto-currency) is generally defined as an electronic-sourced unit of value that can be used as a substitute for fiat currency (*i.e.*, currency created and regulated by a sovereign government). It exists entirely on the Internet and is not stored in any physical form. It is not issued by any government, bank, or company, but is instead generated and controlled through computer software operating on a decentralized peer-to-peer network. Bitcoins, Bitcoins Cash and Litecoin are types of crypto-currency.

provocative positions.

- c. Between November and December 2015, a pimp drove two women and four minor girls (T.S., S.L., K.O., and R.W.) from Columbus, Ohio to a hotel in St. Charles, Missouri. The next day, the pimp told the girls to post ads on Backpage.com. Some of the girls took calls and engaged in paid sex acts with Backpage customers who responded to the ads. The ads the girls posted included pictures of them on a bed showing their buttocks. Another image featured a naked girl's body pressed against a mirror. Other pictures appeared more mundane, such as images of girls posing clothed in front of a mirror. However, these ads used phrases like "I'm sweet as a treat maybe even sweeter" and "not a lot need to be said. my pic are 100% real." In 2017, this pimp was convicted of Federal sex trafficking charges and sentenced to 300 months in prison.
- d. In or around 2010, in Washington, J.S., a minor girl, was sold for sex through the use of Backpage ads. J.S.'s pimp drafted the ads, which contained words and phrases such as, "W'E'L'L\_W'O'R'T'H\_I'T\*\*\*\*\*\*\*150HR" and "IT WONT TAKE LONG AT ALL." The ads included pictures of J.S. in provocative positions showing her breasts and buttocks. On March 29, 2011, the pimp who sold J.S. for sex was sentenced to over 26 years' imprisonment on Federal charges related to sex trafficking.
- e. Between 2011 and 2016, a female victim, D.O., who was between the ages of 14 and 19 during those years, was sold for sex through Backpage ads. D.O.'s female pimp instructed D.O. that Backpage was the safest place to advertise because Backpage did not require age verification. D.O.'s Backpage ads included words and phrases that were indicative of prostitution, such as "roses" (money)

and "back door" (anal sex). Some of the customers who responded to D.O.'s Backpage ads forced D.O. to perform sexual acts at gunpoint, choked her to the point of having seizures, and gang-raped her.

- 128. Plaintiff alleges that all levels of Backpage management, including the Backpage Operators, were aware of Backpage's role in promoting criminal activity. For example:
- a. On September 21, 2010, a group of state attorneys general ("AG") wrote a letter to Backpage observing that "ads for prostitution-including ads trafficking children-are rampant on the site," and arguing that "[b]ecause Backpage cannot, or will not, adequately screen these ads, it should stop accepting them altogether." The state AGs acknowledged that this step would cause Backpage to, "lose the considerable revenue generated by the adult services ads," but stated that "no amount of money can justify the scourge of illegal prostitution, and the misery of the women and children who will continue to be victimized in the marketplace provided by Backpage."
- b. Also in mid-September 2010, Ferrer wrote an email explaining that Backpage was unwilling to delete ads that included terms indicative of prostitution because doing so would "piss[] off a lot of users who will migrate elsewhere," and force Backpage to refund those customers' fees.
- c. In January 2017, the U.S. Senate Subcommittee on Permanent Investigations ("Subcommittee") conducted a lengthy investigation into sex trafficking and Backpage, resulting in a 50-page report entitled "Backpage.com's Knowing Facilitation of Online Sex Trafficking." The report concluded, among other things, that virtually all of Backpage's "adult" ads were actually solicitations

- for illegal prostitution services and that "Backpage [] maintained a practice of altering ads before publication by deleting words, phrases, and images indicative of criminality, including child sex trafficking . . . . Those practices served to sanitize the content of innumerable advertisements for illegal transactions-even as Backpage represented to the public and the courts that it merely hosted content others had created." In response to the Subcommittee's report, Backpage purported to shut down the "adult" section of its website. However, a review of several thousand Backpage ads demonstrated that the prostitution ads simply migrated to other sections of the website, where they remained accessible until the site was forced to shut down.
- d. On August 5, 2011, Backpage received a letter from the mayor of Seattle. This letter warned, "Seattle Police have identified an alarming number of juvenile prostitutes advertised on Backpage.com since January 2010," and explained that Backpage was dissimilar from other companies whose products and services are "occasionally or incidentally" utilized by criminals because "[y]our company is in the business of selling sex ads" and "your services are a direct vehicle for prostitution." The letter recommended that Backpage require in-person age verification for all of the "escorts" depicted in its ads. Backpage never instituted an in-person age verification requirement.
- 129. Backpage instituted and maintained policies and procedures designed to cultivate and sustain its promotion of sex trafficking and prostitution, but which "sanitized" some of the language Backpage customers used to advertise in order to make the advertising of sex trafficking less overt. Backpage referred to this practice as

"moderation." For example:

- a. In April 2008, Ferrer wrote an email explaining that, although he (Ferrer) was "under pressure to clean up Phoenix's adult content," he was unwilling to delete prostitution ads because doing so "would put us in a very uncompetitive position with craig[slist]" and result in "lost pageviews and revenue." Ferrer instructed Backpage's technical staff to edit the wording of such ads by removing particular terms that were indicative of prostitution, but allow the remainder of the ad to be featured on Backpage's website.
- b. On October 8, 2010, a Backpage manager sent an email to certain Backpage employees and managers threatening to fire any Backpage employee who acknowledged, in writing, that a customer was advertising prostitution: "Leaving notes on our site that imply that we're aware of prostitution, or in any position to define it, is enough to lose your job over. . . . This isn't open for discussion. If you don't agree with what I'm saying completely, you need to find another job."
- c. On October 16, 2010, the same Backpage manager sent an email to a large group of Backpage employees that contained two attachments providing guidance on how to "moderate" ads. The first was a PowerPoint presentation that displayed a series of 38 nude and partially-nude photographs, some of which depicted graphic sex acts. Next to each picture was an instruction as to whether it should be approved or disapproved by a Backpage moderator. These instructions included "Approve. Nude rear shots are okay as long the model is not exposing her anus or genitalia." and "Approve. Rear shot okay. Transparent wet panties okay." The second attachment was an Excel spreadsheet identifying 50 terms (all of which were indicative of

- prostitution) that should be "stripped" from ads before publication. The Backpage manager concluded the email by stating, "[I]t's the language in ads that's really killing us with the Attorneys General. Images are almost an afterthought to them."
- d. On October 16, 2010, the same Backpage manager sent an internal email explaining, "I'd like to still avoid Deleting ads when possible;" "we're still allowing phrases with nuance;" and "[i]n the case of lesser violations, editing should be sufficient."
- e. On October 25, 2010, Ferrer sent an email to Padilla acknowledging that the "[i]llegal content removed" through Backpage's moderation processes was "usually money for sex act." This email also explained that, after the "sex act pics are removed," the "ad text may stay."
- f. On October 27, 2010, a different Backpage manager sent an internal email stating that Backpage was "editing 70 to 80%" of the ads it received from customers.
- g. On June 7, 2011, Ferrer received an inquiry from a law enforcement official about a particular ad that included the term "amber alert." In response, Ferrer acknowledged this might be "some kind of bizarre new code word for an under aged person." Ferrer then forwarded this exchange to a Backpage manager and instructed that the term "amber alert" be added to Backpage's "strip out" list.
- h. On August 31, 2011, Backpage managers exchanged emails in which they discussed a list of 100 "solid sex for money terms."

  Later emails indicate that this list of terms changed but, in general, the list prohibited use of certain terms that Backpage management and employees closely identified with the obvious promotion of sex trafficking and prostitution.

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- One Backpage manager acknowledged in the August 31, 2011 i. email exchange that a large proportion of the ads originally submitted by Backpage's customers contained text and pictures that were indicative of sex trafficking. Nevertheless, Backpage published those ads after editing them to appear less obvious in promoting illegal activity. Backpage sex trafficking ads adapted to Backpage's moderation policy by using "phrases with nuance" when promoting sex trafficking. Following the implementation of "moderation," Backpage's list of prohibited terms changed and evolved over time to adjust to Backpage advertisers' use of new code words to promote prostitution. In other words, once a code word or phrase not previously associated with sex-for-money became too familiar, or was deemed too closely associated with certain sex trafficking activities in the Backpage community of advertisers, Backpage's "moderation" policy would be adapted by adding such words or phrases to the "blocked" list or risk being too obvious in its promotion.
- 130. Plaintiff alleges that Backpage's policy of "moderation" only caused ads explicitly promoting sex trafficking to become more coded and implicit in the ads' purpose.
- a. Well over half of the Backpage classified ads in various Backpage categories used terms and phrases (including "massage," "dating," "escort" and others) that are consistent with sex trafficking and prostitution. These terms and phrases included, "roses" (money, e.g., "150 roses/half hour"), "in-call" (where the customer goes to the prostitute's location), "outcall" (where the prostitute goes to the customer's location), "GFE" (girlfriend experience), and "PSE" (porn star experience).
  - b. Other Backpage ads used language that was mostly free of

- coded language, but included sexually provocative images. The sexually suggestive images included in these ads were typical of ads for prostitution. For example, one such ad posted in Backpage's Los Angeles dating section depicted images of a woman on a bed with her buttocks presented in a sexual manner; another included a picture of a woman's cleavage; others included pictures of women posing in sexual positions wearing lingerie and pictures of a woman bending over, revealing her naked buttocks.
- c. Backpage's policy of moderation had the effect of causing and allowing otherwise neutral or innocuous terms to be understood within the Backpage community as coded language for sex trafficking and prostitution. Because of the evolving use of coded terms, a reader of such ads who was familiar with the particular vocabulary used in Backpage "adult" ads could readily identify coded terms and images indicating an ad for prostitution, while an uninitiated reader may not understand these terms at all, or at least not as being associated with sex-for-money.
- 131. Almost all "adult"-type Backpage ads listed phone numbers or emails that a potential customer could use to make contact with the advertiser. Comparing a sample of phone numbers and emails found within Backpage ads with phone numbers and emails that were frequently included in the memo sections of checks that Backpage advertisers use to pay Backpage for ads, revealed that the same numbers and/or email addresses appeared in multiple Backpage ads as contact information. For example:
- a. A \$25 USPS Money Order purchased on June 15, 2017, in Duarte, California, made payable to "Posting Solutions PO BOX 802426, Dallas, TX," and thereafter deposited into Account 1, bore a notation

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listing a phone number and the words "Dulce Latina." A search of Backpage ads showed almost 800 advertisements listing the same phone number.

- b. A \$20 USPS Money Order purchased in Sacramento, California, and later deposited into Account 1 bore a notation listing a phone number and the words "love my lips." A search of Backpage ads revealed almost 1300 advertisements listing the same phone number.
- A \$150 Wells Fargo Bank Money Order, purchased in Arizona, and made payable to "Posting Solutions," bore an email address and the words, "red hot stuff." The same email address was found to be associated with advertisements on several female escort websites that directed customers to contact an Arizona phone number ending in 2397. A search of Backpage.com for this phone number revealed approximately 760 ads that included this phone number. These Backpage ads included images indicative of prostitution. For example, one such ad posted on Backpage's "massage" section included sexual images such as a woman lying on a bed wearing lingerie and a woman laying naked on her stomach. One of the ads described, "Pampering provider | Body Rub Massage | Body Shampoo | Body Scrub | 4 hands | Walk ins or appointment." Legal massage advertisements do not typically depict sexual images. This advertisement depicted sexual images and included terms like "4 hands," which is coded language describing a massage given to a customer by two women. Such advertisements are indicative of prostitution.
- 132. The Backpage ads that shared the same phone number or email address typically also included sexually suggestive images of different women. Such ads are consistent with ads posted by pimps or prostitution agencies that are using the same phone number or email

to advertise different women (or girls) to prospective prostitution clients.

## B. Payments for Advertising on Backpage

- 133. In order to post an ad on Backpage, an advertiser had to pay Backpage by one of several methods, including check, cash, and, until about 2015, credit card payments processed through U.S. credit card payment processors. The proceeds from these ads, the vast majority of which were sexually explicit in nature, would then be deposited into various Backpage owned or controlled bank accounts. For example, Backpage's U.S. Bank account '1165, originated in or about April 2010, received several million dollars from the revenue generated from the sale of ads, including ads promoting the trafficking of minors and illegal prostitution.
- 134. However, in or around 2015, following negative publicity associated with Backpage, some of the major credit card companies enacted what Backpage Operators termed a "blockade." Essentially, these companies refused to process credit card payments directed to Backpage. In order to circumvent the blockade, Ferrer and other Backpage Operators set up agreements with foreign persons and partners to "franchise" websites for the sole purpose of accepting credit card payments outside of the United States, with the funds being funneled to Backpage.
- 135. Also in or around 2015, in response to the blockade,
  Backpage designed a mechanism to allow advertisers to buy Backpage
  "credits," which could be accomplished in several ways, including:
- a. mailing gift cards, checks, or money orders to "Posting Solutions" at a P.O. Box in Dallas, Texas;
  - b. using a credit card to buy credits through a third-party

credit card payment processor;

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- c. paying with digital currency (specifically, Backpage accepted Bitcoins, Bitcoins Cash, Litecoin, and Ethereum). If the advertiser selected this option, Backpage provided a digital currency wallet address where the advertiser could send the electronic transfer of the digital currency; and
- d. paying with currency through a third party payment processor. Once the third-party payment processor received the currency, it would convert it to digital currency and then electronically transfer that digital currency to a Backpage digital currency wallet.
- 136. Digital Currency was processed through the subject accounts in the following way:
- a. When Backpage received digital currency, it would aggregate the digital currency and then transfer it to a third-party exchanger like GoCoin;8
- b. In exchange for the digital currency, the exchanger would transfer U.S. dollars from its foreign bank account(s) into Backpage operating accounts in the United States or elsewhere. The exchanger could then sell its Bitcoins on various Bitcoins markets.
- 137. Bitcoins payments for ads have resulted in the trafficking of minors for sex. For example:
- a. On September 6, 2015, a Bitcoins account associated with the owner of the email address later convicted of having trafficked

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> GoCoin is a digital currency exchanger that converts Bitcoins and another digital currency into fiat currency, like the U.S. Dollar or the Euro. GoCoin is owned by Manx Broadcasting Corporation, based in the Isle of Man. GoCoin has offices in Singapore and Santa Monica, California, and GoCoin holds bank accounts in several countries, most or all of which are outside the United States.

minors for sex paid Backpage about \$4 worth of Bitcoins in order to post an ad promoting the trafficking of certain victims in Palm Springs, California.

- b. On September 15, 2015, an email from the same email address owner indicated a payment to Backpage of about \$8 worth of Bitcoins in order to "Fund Account" for palmsprings.backpage.com.
- c. On October 6, 2015, the same email address owner paid Backpage about \$1 worth of Bitcoins to "Fund Account" on palmsprings.backpage.com.
- d. On October 30, 2015, a Bitcoins account associated with the owner of the email address who trafficked minors for sex paid Backpage about \$1 worth of Bitcoins in order to post an ad promoting the trafficking of certain victims in Columbus, Ohio.
- e. On November 2, 2015, this same email address owner paid Backpage about \$1 worth of Bitcoins to "Move Ad to Top of Listings" in the Columbus, Ohio Backpage ads.
- f. On November 21, 2015, this same email address owner paid Backpage about \$1 worth of Bitcoins to Backpage for credit for that email owner's Backpage ad account.
- 138. Plaintiff contends that five to ten percent of the ads posted on Backpage.com were placed within the Central District of California (including Los Angeles and Orange Counties). Between January 10 and February 3, 2016, approximately 500,000 ads were posted on Backpage.com and paid for with Bitcoins, for which Backpage received over \$3,840,000 in revenue. Of these approximately 500,000 ads, approximately 28,400 were posted only in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The email address owner provided Bitcoins to Backpage as a "Fund Account" payment, that is, payment to Backpage as credit to be used later to pay for Backpage ads.

- 1 LosAngeles.Backpage.com, Ventura.Backpage.com,
- 2 | SanLuisObispo.Backpage.com, OrangeCounty.Backpage.com, and
- 3 | SanGabrielValley.Backpage.com. These specific ads generated
- 4 approximately \$184,479 in revenue.

- 139. When an advertiser (or "poster") purchased an ad for prostitution using digital currency, the payment to Backpage (and certain subsequent expenditures) proceeded in the following manner:
- a. A poster would choose a payment method online (e.g.,
  through Bitcoins payments);
- b. If the poster did not already have Bitcoins, the Backpage website would direct the poster to a third-party exchanger to buy Bitcoins;
- c. Backpage would then provide the poster with a wallet address to send a specific amount of Bitcoins;
- d. In return for sending the required payment, the poster would receive credit that could be used to post ads on Backpage.
- e. Backpage would sell the Bitcoins to a third party exchanger, frequently GoCoin, in batches, generally valued in hundreds of thousands, of dollars in order to convert the Bitcoins into U.S. or foreign flat currency, which GoCoin generally, if not always, would hold in foreign bank accounts;
- f. GoCoin would then wire funds from foreign accounts to either (1) Backpage controlled foreign accounts; or (2) Backpage controlled operating accounts in the United States;
- g. These accounts were held and controlled by Backpage

  Operators in the names of entities controlled by Backpage, including

  Ad Tech BV, Posting Solutions, Website Technologies, and Cereus

  Properties;

h. The funds derived from these foreign transactions would be used by Backpage to pay service providers, like Verizon in Los Angeles, or transferred to Backpage Operators' accounts and accounts held in their family members' names; and

## i. For example:

a. In March 2015, Ad Tech BV, a Netherlands based company, listing Ferrer as CEO and M.G. as CFO, opened a bank account in the Liechtenstein (the "Netherlands Account"). M.G. is the President, CEO, Treasurer and Secretary of Posting Solutions. From March 2015 through November 2017, the Netherlands Account received millions of dollars from Binary Trading SG PTE, Limited ("Binary Trading"). On April 4, 2017, M.G. sent an email to employees of the bank that maintains the Netherlands Account. The email explained:

Binary Capital is our trading partner, they hold money in trust for Go Coin [sic]. Rather than incurring 3 sets of wire fees which make our transactions unprofitable, they act as our agent and disburse payments directly from our trust account to our merchant.

- b. For the period of September 4 through November 23, 2015, Backpage advertisers used Bitcoins to purchase about 1,000,000 "adult" ads from Backpage. Backpage then sold those Bitcoins to GoCoin for approximately \$8.6 million. Included among the Bitcoins sold to GoCoin during this period were payments pimps made to Backpage to purchase ads to promote child prostitution.
- c. For the period of December 14, 2015, through August 30, 2016, in approximately 154 wires, GoCoin accounts held in Slovakia (the "Slovakia Account") and Singapore Account (the "Singapore Account") transferred a total of approximately \$26,100,235.83 to Branch Banking & Trust account '2008, in Plano,

Texas, owned by Website Technology ("Website Tech Account '2008").

On January 15, 2016, the Website Tech Account '2008 transferred

\$189,571 to Verizon in Los Angeles, California, in payment for

Backpage internet services.

- d. Between January 21 and August 31, 2016, Website Tech Account '2008 sent approximately 27 wire transfers totaling approximately \$48,000,000 to Arizona Bank & Trust account number '6211, belonging to Cereus Properties LLC, which is owned or controlled by Spear, Backpage, and/or other Backpage Operators.
  - C. Bank Accounts Funded with Proceeds Traceable to SUA, Involved in Money Laundering, or Both
- 140. Between December 14, 2015, and February 9, 2017, a coordinated series of wire transfers were completed transferring criminal proceeds from Backpage-controlled bank accounts to four separate bank accounts at the USAA Savings Bank. All the USAA Savings Bank accounts were held in the name of different living trusts with the common factor of Hawkins being one of the Trustees on all four accounts. Hawkins is the sister-in-law of Larkin.
- 141. Criminal proceeds deposited with a company doing business for GoCoin initiated wire transfers of the criminal proceeds from the Slovakia account to Website Tech Account '2008 in the United States.
- 142. Website Tech Account '2008 then initiated wire transfer of the criminal proceeds to Arizona Bank & Trust Account number '6211 ("AZBT '6211"), belonging to Cereus Properties LLC.
  - 143. On January 4, 2017, AZBT '6211 initiated four wires:
- a. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account `6039 held in the name of Oaxaca Living Trust with Kathleen D. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab `6039");

b. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '9083, held in the name of Puebla Living trust with Rose L. Larkin as the sole beneficiary (Schwab '9083");

- c. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account `7249, held in the name of Cuernavaca Living Trust with Quinn M. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab `8628"); and
- d. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '8628, held in the name of Chiapas Living trust with John C. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab '8628").
- 144. Several days after the criminal proceeds were deposited into the four Charles Schwab accounts, they were then transferred to four AZBT accounts.
- a. On January 10, 2017 Schwab '6039 wired \$840,692.69 to
  Arizona Bank & Trust account '3835, held in the name of Oaxaca Living
  Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Kathleen
  Dewhurst Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3835");
- b. On January 11, 2017 Schwab '9083 wired \$840,672.72 to
  Arizona Bank & Trust account '3864 held in the name of Puebla Living
  Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Rose Lyons
  Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3864");
- c. On January 12, 2017 Schwab '7249 wired \$840,672.70 to Arizona Bank & Trust account '3859 held in the name of Cuernavaca Living Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Quinn McCarthy Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3859"); and
- d. And on January 10, 2017 Schwab '8628 wired \$840,672.70 to Arizona Bank & Trust account '3840 held in the name of Chiapas Living Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and John Carey Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3840").

- 145. On January 11, 2018, and in addition to the previous wire transfers, AZBT '6211 transferred \$33,591.34 to each of the Living Trust accounts, AZBT '3835, AZBT '3864, AZBT '3859, and AZBT '3840.
- 146. On February 9, 2017, the four Oaxaca Living Trust account, AZBT '3835, AZBT '3864, AZBT '3859, and AZBT '3840, wire transferred approximately \$874,330 to:
  - a. USAA Savings Account '2155 ("USAA '2155" or "Account 59");
  - b. USAA Savings Account '2058 ("USAA '2058" OR "Account 60");
- c. USAA Savings Account '2171 ("USAA '2171" or Account 61"); and
  - d. USAA Savings Account '1507 ("USAA '1507" or Account 62").
  - D. Bases for Forfeiture

- 147. The Defendant Assets constitute, and are derived from, proceeds traceable to one or more violations of: (1) 18 U.S.C. § 1591 (Sex Trafficking of Children); and/or (2) U.S.C. § and 1952 (Interstate and Foreign Travel in Aid of Racketeering Enterprise), each of which is SUA under 18 U.S.C. § 1956(c)(7)(A), and a conspiracy to commit such offenses.
- 148. The Defendant Assets were involved in, and are traceable to property involved in, one or more transactions or attempted transactions in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h). Specifically, the Defendant Assets were involved in and are traceable to property involved in one or more financial transactions, attempted transactions, or a conspiracy to conduct or attempt to conduct such transactions involving the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, that is, 18 U.S.C. §§ 1591 and 1952, and were designed in whole or in part to conceal or disguise the nature,

location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds of the SUA in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).

149. The Defendant Assets were involved in, and are traceable to property involved in, one or more transactions or attempted transactions in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1957, or a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h). Specifically, the Defendant Assets were involved in and are traceable to property involved in one or more financial transactions, attempted transactions, or a conspiracy to conduct or attempt to conduct such transactions in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000 that was derived from SUA, that is, 18 U.S.C. §§ 1591 and 1952.

# III. Assets Representing, Traceable To, and Involved In Specified Unlawful Activity

# A. Account 1 (Prosperity '7188 Funds)

- 150. On February 15, 2017, Posting Solutions opened Account 1.

  M.G. is the sole signatory on the account (as described above,

  Posting Solutions is wholly owned by and controlled by Backpage).
- 151. The application for the P.O. Box identifies the renter of the box as "Website Technologies, LLC/Backpage.com." Listed on the Application were the names of several Backpage Operators, including Ferrer.
- 152. Between August 1 and September 1, 2017, Account 1 received more than \$2,781,750 in wire transfers from foreign banks. For example:
- a. On or about August 16, 2017, Binary Trading wired \$535,500 from an account in Singapore into Account 1;
  - b. On or about August 17, 2017, Binary Trading wired \$528,500

from a Singapore account into Account 1; and

- c. On or about August 30, 2017, a company named Trilix PTE LTD ("Trilex"), listing the same Singapore address as Binary Trading and GoCoin, sent four wire transfers from the Singapore account into Account 1, ranging from \$385,450 to \$492,250, totaling approximately \$1,717,750.
- 153. Plaintiff alleges that a substantial percentage of outgoing payments from Account 1 have been payments for the operation of Backpage.com. For example, between July and October 2017, funds were wired from Account 1, as following:
- a. \$570,530 to Verizon Digital Media Services in Los Angeles for services related to the Backpage.com website; and
- b. \$1,497 to "Backupify," a company that provided data backup services for Backpage.

# CEREUS PROPERTIES ASSETS

## B. Account 2 (Compass '3873 Funds)

- 154. Account 2 was held in the name of Cereus Properties LLC, and Spear was the sole signatory. This account was funded in part with transfers from Account 1, which funds are alleged to have been traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both, and was used as a funnel account to pay Backpage Operators. On average, during each month of 2017, several hundred thousand dollars were transferred from Account 1 to Account 2. For example:
- a. On August 31, 2017, Account 1 sent a wire transfer totaling \$487,491.45 to Account 2;
- b. On September 15, 2017, Account 1 sent a wire transfer totaling \$91,672.67 to Account 2; and
  - c. On October 2, 2017, Account 1 sent a wire transfer totaling

\$471,766 to Account 2.

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- 155. Funds from Account 2 were also used to promote and facilitate prostitution. For example:
- a. On December 2, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$324,055.85 to Account 2;
- b. On December 8, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$499,970.00 to Account 2;
- c. On December 27, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$199,970.00 to Account 2; and
- d. From March to December 2017, Account 2 paid over \$9,000 to "Cox Communications," an internet services company that Backpage used to facilitate its internet presence and promote its sale of prostitution advertising.

## C. Account 3 (Compass '4862 Funds)

156. Account 3, held in the name of Cereus Properties, was funded with transfers from foreign and domestic banks, which funds were traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both, including funds transferred from the Netherlands Account through one of the Backpage Operators' go-between accounts<sup>10</sup> (Wells Fargo Bank account '9863 ("Account '9863")), and eventually funneled into Account 3.

## MICHAEL LACEY ASSETS

# D. Account 4 (FFS&L of SR '3620 Funds)

157. Account 4, held in the name of Lacey, was funded with transfers from foreign and domestic banks, which funds were traceable

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  A "go-between" (a.k.a., a "pass-through") is an account set up for the main purpose of transferring funds from one or more bank accounts to various other bank accounts, frequently as an attempt to further conceal the true source and nature of the funds.

- to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both. On October 2, 2017, Account 24 (which was itself funded with transfers from foreign and domestic banks with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both), transferred \$297,795 into Account 4, as further described below.
- E. Accounts 5-10 (RBA '2485, '1897, '3126, '8316, '8324, and '8332)
- 158. Accounts 5, 6, and 7, each held in the name of Lacey, were funded with transfers from foreign and domestic banks, which funds were traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.

  Backpage Operators used Accounts 5, 6, and 7 as pass-through accounts.
- a. On May 31, 2017, Account 2 transferred approximately \$676,808.04 into Account 5;
- b. On June 30, 2017, Account 5 transferred \$600,000 to Account6;
  - c. On October 2, 2017, Account 2 made two transfers:
    - i. \$297,795.54 transferred to Account 4; and
    - ii. \$694,856.25 wired to Account 11.
- d. On April 16, 2018, Lacey personally went into the Republic Bank of Arizona, withdrew \$500,000 from Account 5, and then used that \$500,000 as the initial deposit to open Account 7; and
- e. On or about February 15, 2018, Lacey drafted two \$600,000 checks (totaling \$1.2 million). One check was drawn from Account 11, and the second was drawn from Account 4. These two checks were used to fund Accounts 8, 9, and 10, respectively, with \$600,000.00, \$300,000.00, and \$300,000.00.

# F. Account 11 (SFFCU '2523 Funds)

- 159. Account 11 is held in the name of Lacey and an individual listed in the Credit Union's records as Lacey's employee and bookkeeper. Account 11 was funded with proceeds alleged to have been traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- a. On February 2, 2018, Account 2 (which then contained funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both) transferred \$734,602.70 into Account 11.

#### G. Account 12 (IOLTA '4139)

- 160. Account 12 was an IOLTA held for the benefit of Lacey, and was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 161. On January 4, 2017, the Singapore Account wired \$489,500 into a Posting Solutions controlled account held at Veritex Bank (the "Veritex Account"). On January 20, 2017, the Singapore Account directed two additional wires, for \$358,150 and \$470,150 respectively, into the Veritex Account. In total, the Singapore Account transferred \$1,317,800 into the Veritex Account.
- a. On or about February 23, 2017, the Veritex Account directed two payments to Account 2, a wire of \$443,014, and a check for \$27,887.41;
- b. Between March 30 and September 14, 2017, Account 2 sent five wires totaling \$4,058.063.65 to Account 12; and
- c. In July 2018, Account 12 was closed and a cashier's check totaling \$2,412,785.47 was issued to Lacey's Annuity Fund, held at Account 12.

## H. The Sebastopol Property

162. The Sebastopol Property was purchased and maintained, in

whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.

163. In a series of transactions in December 2016, illicit proceeds from the Netherlands Account would pass-through Account 2, eventually ending up in Account 11. Additionally, between July and October 2017, additional illicit proceeds from the Singapore Account were passed-through Account 1 to Account 2, and eventually transferred to Account 11. On or about October 10, 2017, over \$10,000 of funds from Account 11 were used to support and maintain the Sebastopol Property.

164. On February 11, 2016, a grant deed, instrument number 2016010019 of the Sonoma County official records, transferred the Sebastopol Property to Lacey. Thereafter, on April 24, 2017, for no consideration, Lacey transferred title of the Sebastopol Property to his Delaware limited liability company, Sebastopol, LLC. As noted in the grant deed:

"There was no consideration for this transfer. This is a transfer between an individual or individuals and a legal entity or between legal entities that results solely in a change in the method of holding title and in which proportional ownership inters in the realty remain the same. . ."

165. On October 10, 2017, Lacey issued a \$12,956.25 check from Account 11 to Sonoma County Tax Collector. The notation on this wire was "2043 Pleasant Hill Dr Sebastopol."

## I. San Francisco, California Property 1

- 166. San Francisco Property 1 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
  - 167. In order to acquire San Francisco Property 2, Lacey used

funds transferred through the Singapore Account, the Website Tech Account '2008, and Cereus Properties accounts, as well as annuity accounts that Lacey controlled, as follows:

- a. Illicit proceeds were deposited into the Singapore Account, passed-through Account 1, then passed-through Account 2 and transferred to Account 11. Thereafter, funds from Account 11 were used to support and maintain San Francisco Property 1;
- b. On May 18, 2016, grant deed instrument number 2016-K24548200 of the San Francisco County official records, transferred San
  Francisco Property 1 to Lacey and his female partner; and
- c. Thereafter, on October 10, 2017, over \$10,000 in funds from Account 11 were used to purchase or maintain San Francisco Property 1.

#### J. San Francisco Property 2

- 168. San Francisco Property 2 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 169. During the period of December 14 through December 29, 2015, as GoCoin's partial payment for the Bitcoins Backpage sold it during the period of September 4 through November 23, 2015, the Slovakia Account wired over \$1,250,000 to Website Tech Account '2008.
- 170. After December 14, 2015, Website Tech Account '2008 then transferred funds via multiple pass-through accounts controlled by Lacey and other Backpage Operators, which, as of June 21, 2016, resulted in approximately \$5,400,000 ending up in Arizona Bank & Trust account '1793, controlled by Lacey ("AB&T Account '1793").
- 171. On June 27, 2016, AB&T Account '1793 wired \$397,500.00 to Fidelity National Title Company. The notation on this wire was "XXX(Earnest Money)XXXXXX." On July 20, 2016, AB&T Account '1793

wired \$12,859,152.57 to Fidelity National Title Company. The notation on this wire was "XX(Balance of Property)XXXXX."

172. Casa Bahia for San Francisco, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, was the entity used to take title to San Francisco, California Property 2, and is owned by Lacey. On July 21, 2016, by grant deed, San Francisco Property 2 was transferred to Lacey. On June 21, 2017, by grant deed and for no consideration, Lacey transferred San Francisco Property 2 to Casa Bahia for San Francisco, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as evidenced by instrument number 2017-K466276099 of the San Francisco County official records. As noted in the grant deed:

There was no consideration for this transfer. This is a transfer between an individual or individuals and a legal entity or between legal entities that results solely in a change in the method of holding title and in which proportional ownership inters in the realty remain the same. . .

#### K. San Francisco Property 3

- 173. San Francisco Property 3 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 174. Beginning in February 2013, illicit funds from Backpage's U.S. Bank account '1165 passed-through various Backpage or Backpage Operators accounts, eventually ending up in BMO Harris account '5263, owned or controlled by Lacey. In May 2015, over \$10,000 of funds from BMO Harris account '5263 was used to purchase or maintain San Francisco Property 3.

#### L. Sedona Property

175. The Sedona Property was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money

laundering, or both.

176. In October 2017, Account 2 wired approximately \$297,795 to Account 4. On November 13, 2018, \$6,725.54 from Account 4 was used to support or maintain the Sedona Property.

#### M. Paradise Valley Property 2

- 177. Paradise Valley Property 2 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 178. In 2005, for approximately \$1,500,000, Lacey purchased the Paradise Valley Property 2. In 2010, the Paradise Valley Property was used as collateral for a \$1 million loan (the "2010 Loan"). Beginning no later than January 2012, illicit proceeds were used to service the debt on the 2010 Loan. Specifically:
- a. Between February 4 and June 6, 2013, through a series of wire transfers, Backpage's U.S. Bank account '1165 transferred approximately \$41,500,000 to BMO Harris Bank account '5263; and
- b. Between March 2013, and January 2016, through a series of periodic transactions, approximately \$174,749.39 from BMO Harris Bank account '5263 was used to service the debt on the 2010 Loan.

## JAMES LARKIN ASSETS

- N. Accounts 13, 15, 16, 17, AND 18 (RBA '1889, '2592, '1897, '8103, '8162, AND '8189)
- 179. Account 13, held in the name of Larkin, was funded with proceeds alleged to have been traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- a. On July 6, 2017, Account 2 transferred \$971,651.51 into Account 13; and
- b. On July 28, 2017, Account 13 transferred \$400,000 into Account 14.

1 180. Account 15 is held in the name of Larkin.

- a. From March 2015 through November 2017, the Netherlands
  Account received several millions of dollars in criminal proceeds
  from Binary Trading;
- b. On December 2, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$324,055.85 to Account 2;
- c. On December 8, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$499,970.00 to Account 2;
- d. On December 27, 2016, the Netherlands Account transferred \$199,970.00 to Account 2, which account then transferred funds through Account '9863 and into Account 3; and
- e. On December 13, 2017, Account 3 transferred \$406,211.10 to Account 15.
- 181. Account 16, 17, and 18 are CDARS Accounts held in the name of Larkin.
- a. On July 28, 2017, Account 13 transferred \$400,000 into Account 14; and
- b. On or about February 8, 2018, \$1 million in funds from Account 14 was used to fund Account 16 (which received \$500,000), Account 17 (which received \$250,000), and Account 18 (which received \$250,000).
  - O. Accounts 19 AND 20 (PCTC ACCOUNT '0012 FUNDS, PERKINS COIE '0012)
- 182. Account 19 is held in the name of Larkin's spouse, Margaret Larkin, and was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- a. On December 31, 2015, Website Tech Account '2008 transferred \$811,424 to the Slovakia Account;

- b. On January 11, 2016, the Slovakia Account transferred approximately \$1,300,000 to Charles Schwab account '4693, held in the name of Larkin ("Charles Schwab Account '4693");
- c. On January 14, 2016, Charles Schwab Account `4693 transferred approximately \$13,500,000 to Northern Trust Company account `9562 (under the name "Ocotillo Family Trust," owned and controlled by Larkin and Margaret Larkin);
- d. In July 21, 2017, Account '9562 transferred \$6,014,000 to Morgan Stanley account '1673 (held in the name of Larkin and Margaret Larkin);
- e. In or about November 2017, Morgan Stanley elected to terminate its business relationship with Larkin;
- f. On November 30, 2017, all the funds then held in Morgan Stanley account '1673 (about \$10,000,000) were transferred to Account 19; and
- g. Some of the funds in Account 19 were used to purchase bonds and/or securities, which were held in Account 20.

#### P. Account 21 (ACF '2020)

- 183. Account 21 contains securities and investment vehicles held in the name of Ocotillo Family Trust, which is owned and controlled by Larkin and his spouse, and was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- a. During the period of March 23 through March 31, 2016,
  Website Tech Account '2008 sent three wire transfers totaling
  \$3,694,813.60 to Arizona Bank & Trust account number '6211, belonging to Cereus Properties ("Account '6211");
- b. During the period of April 1, 2016, through July 1, 2016, Account '6211 sent five wire transfers totaling \$5,750,294 to Charles

Schwab Account '4693;

- c. On July 1, 2016, Charles Schwab Account '4693 transferred \$15,000,000 to Account 21;
- d. During the period of August 2, 2016, through October 6, 2016, Account '6211 sent six wire transfers totaling \$9,550,315 to Charles Schwab Account '4693;
- e. On January 3, 2017, Charles Schwab Account '4693 transferred \$2,500,000 to Account 21; and
- f. On January 4, 2017, Charles Schwab Account '4693 transferred \$2,500,000 Account 21.

## Q. Accounts 22 And 23 (BA '8225 and '7054)

- 184. Account 22 is held in the name of one of T. Larkin, and was used in furtherance of the money laundering scheme described herein, and in an attempt to further conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the criminal proceeds.
- 185. On February 2, 2018, Account 2 wire transferred \$28,337 into Account 22.
- 186. Account 23 is held in the name of R. Larkin. On February 2, 2018, Account 2 wire transferred \$28,337 into Account 23.

## R. Saint Helena Property

- 187. The Saint Helena Property was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 188. Between February 4 and June 6, 2013, approximately \$41,500,000 in illicit funds were transferred to Camarillo Holdings LLC, BMO Harris Bank account '7172. On October 2, 2013, BMO Harris Bank account '7172 wired \$26,130.64 to Larkin's BMO Harris Bank account '3110. Thereafter, on November 3, 2016, over \$10,000 of

funds from BMO Harris Bank account '7172 were used to purchase or maintain the Saint Helena Property.

#### S. Chicago Property

- 189. The Chicago Property was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 190. Illicit funds originating from Backpage's U.S. Bank account '1165 were passed-through accounts owned or controlled by Backpage or Backpage Operators, and ended up in BMO Harris Bank account '3110. Thereafter, on October 2, 2015, BMO Harris Bank account '3110 transferred \$138,000 to Chicago Title and Trust Company as payment towards the purchase of the Chicago Property.

## T. Paradise Valley Property 1

- 191. Paradise Valley Property 1 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 192. Approximately \$41.5 million in illicit funds from Backpage's U.S. Bank account '1165 passed through various Backpage or Backpage Operators accounts. Following these various transfers, eventually, on October 2, 2013, a total of approximately \$26,130.64 was transferred into BMO Harris account '3110, owned or controlled by Larkin. Thereafter, on December 11, 2014, BMO Harris Bank account '3100 paid \$46,957.28 to maintain the Paradise Valley property 1.

# U. Paradise Valley Property 7

- 193. Paradise Valley Property 7 was purchased and maintained, in whole or in part, using funds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
  - 194. Illicit funds originating from Backpage's U.S. Bank account

'1165 were passed-through accounts owned or controlled by Backpage or Backpage Operators, and ended up in BMO Harris Bank account '3110, from which account over \$10,000 was paid to maintain Paradise Valley Property 7.

## JOHN BRUNST ASSETS

#### V. Account 24 (COMPASS BANK '3825)

- 195. Account 24 is held in the name of Brunst, and was used in furtherance of the money laundering scheme described herein, and in an attempt to further conceal or disguise the nature, location, source, ownership or control of the proceeds of SUA.
- 196. On February 2, 2018, Account 2 wire transferred \$135,956.59 into Account 24.
  - W. Account 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 (AB '6878, '4954, '7892, '7889, '7888 AND '6485)
- 197. Accounts 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30 are held in the name of the "Brunst Family Trust." Brunst and his wife are the sole trustees for these accounts, which were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- a. On December 31, 2015, Website Tech Account '2008 transferred \$811,424 to Account '6211;
- b. On December 6, 2016, Account '6211 transferred \$161,459 to Wells Fargo Bank account '4891, belonging to Brunst ("Account '4891");
- c. On January 4, 2017, Account '6211 transferred another \$258,841 to Account '4891;
- d. On January 5, 2017, Account `4891 transferred \$300,000 to Wells Fargo Bank account `7474, belonging to the Brunst Family Trust ("Account `7474").

e. On May 19, 2017, Account `7474 transferred approximately \$1,500,000 into Account 25;

- f. On May 23, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$350,000 to Account 25;
- g. On June 7, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$1,340,000 to Account 25;
- h. On September 13, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$581,000 to Account 27;
- i. On September 13, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$250,000 to Account 28;
- j. On September 13, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$250,000 to Account 29; and
- k. On September 15, 2017, Account 25 transferred approximately \$500,000 to Account 30.

# SCOTT SPEAR ASSETS

- X. Accounts 31, 32, AND 33 (NBA '0178, '0151, and '3645)
- 198. Accounts 31 and 32 are held in the name of Spear, which accounts were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both. Account 33 is held in trust for the benefit of Spear and certain of his family members, which account was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both. In furtherance of the money laundering scheme, and in an attempt to further conceal the true nature of the criminal proceeds, go-between accounts served to funnel money from one account to another.
- a. Between January 21 and August 31, 2016, Website Tech Account '2008 sent approximately 27 wire transfers totaling approximately \$48,000,000 to Account '6211;

- Between March 1, 2016, and July 1, 2016, Account '6211 1 b. 2 transferred \$892,426 into Account 31; On September 14, 2017, Account 2 wire transferred 3 4 \$50,162.05 into Account 31; 5 On October 12, 2017, Account 31 transferred approximately 6 \$21,500 into Account 32; and 7 On January 5, 2018, Account 31 transferred approximately e. \$600,000 into Account 33. 8 9 Y. Account 34 (Live Oak Bank Account '6910) 199. Account 34 is held in the name of Spear, and was funded 10 with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or 11 12 both. 13 200. On or about March 16, 2016, as an opening deposit, Account 14 31 transferred \$250,000 into Account 34. 15 Account 35 and 36 (Ascensus Broker Services `4301 and `8001) 201. Accounts 35 and 36 are held in the name of N. Spear, 16 17

  - Spear's adult daughter, and were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
  - On February 23, 2017, Account 31 transferred approximately a. \$50,000 into Account 35; and
  - On the February 23, 2017, Account 31 transferred \$50,000 b. into Account 36.

# PRIMUS TRUST ASSETS

Account 37 (K&H Bank Account '1210) AA.

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Account 37 is located in Hungary, and held in the name of Primus Trust Company ("Binghampton Trust") for the benefit of Lacey. In furtherance of the money laundering scheme, Account 37 was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or

both.

- 203. The tracing of this account involves numerous banks and bank accounts, both foreign and domestic. The accounts include: Website Tech Account '2008; Account '6211; Arizona Bank & Trust annuity trust account numbers '1967, '1972, '1986, '1991, and '2014, all held in Lacey's name ("AZBT Annuity Accounts"); and Johnson Financial account '9992, held in an IOLTA, with Lacey as the sole beneficiary.
- a. Between December 14, 2015, and January 15, 2016, the Slovakia Account sent approximately 26 wire transfers totaling over \$2,500,000 to Website Tech Account '2008 in the United States;
- b. On January 15, 2016, Website Tech Account '2008 transferred \$189,571 to Verizon in Los Angeles, California, in payment for Backpage internet services, which served, in whole or in part, to promote sex trafficking and illegal prostitution;
- c. Between January 21 and August 31, 2016, Website Tech Account '2008 sent approximately 27 wire transfers totaling approximately \$48,000,000 to Account '6211;
- d. Between April 1 and October 6, 2016, in approximately 12 wires, Account '6211 sent over \$18,000,000 to the AZBT Annuity Trust Accounts;
- e. On December 29, 2016, in five wires, the AZBT Annuity
  Trusts Accounts sent approximately \$16,500,000 to Johnson Financial
  account '9992; and
- f. On January 3, 2017, Johnson Financial account '9992 transferred \$16,500,000 to Account 37.

## AD TECH BV ASSETS

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- Accounts 56, 57, and 58 (Fio Bank `5803, `5801, and '5805) BB.
- Accounts 56, 57, and 58 are located in the Czech Republic and held in the name of Ad Tech BV, identifying Ferrer as the ultimate beneficial owner, which accounts were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 205. Account 56, 57, and 58 were set up and maintained to receive payments for Backpage ads, that is, for "accounts receivable." Merchant processors would accept credit card payments and Bitcoins from Backpage advertisers as credit to place ads for prostitution and other services. The merchant processors would then transfer these funds to accounts set up to receive such payments, specifically including Accounts 56, 57, and 58. All funds contained within Accounts 56, 57, and 58 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.
  - CC. Accounts 47, 48, 49 and 50 (BF Accounts 'K000 K, 'K000 U, 'K000 E, and 'K001 K)
- 206. Accounts 47, 48, 49, and 50 are located in Principality of Liechtenstein, and held for the benefit of Ferrer, which accounts were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 207. Accounts 47, 48, 49, and 50 were set up and maintained to receive payments for Backpage ads, that is, for "accounts receivable." Merchant processors would accept credit card payments and Bitcoins from Backpage advertisers as credit to place ads for prostitution and other services. The merchant processors would then transfer these funds to accounts set up to receive such payments, specifically including Accounts 47, 48, 49, and 50. All funds

contained within Accounts 47, 48, 49, and 50 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

## GOLD LEAF SRO FUNDS HELD AT FIO BANK

- DD. Account 38, 39, and 30 (Fio Bank '2226, '2231, and '2230)
- 208. Accounts 38, 39, and 40 are located in the Czech Republic, and held for the benefit of Backpage by a third party entity named, "Gold Leaf SRO." Accounts 38, 39, and 40 were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 209. Accounts 38, 39, and 40 were created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage.

  Approximately 99.5% of the payments into these accounts were to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Accounts 38, 39,

## PROTECCTIO SRO FUNDS HELD AT FIO BANK

and 40 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

- EE. Accounts 41, 42, and 43 (Fio Bank '4194, '4196, and '4198)
- 210. Accounts 41, 42, and 43 are located in the Czech Republic, and held for the benefit of Backpage by a third party entity named, "Protecctio SRO." Accounts 41, 42, and 43 were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 211. Accounts 41, 42, and 43 were created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage.

Approximately 99.5% of the payments into these accounts were to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Accounts 41, 42, and 43 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

# VARICOK SRO FUNDS HELD AT FIO BANK

- FF. Accounts 44, 45, and 46 (Fio Bank '8083, '8086, and '8080)
- 212. Accounts 44, 45, and 46 are located in the Czech Republic, and held in the name of Varicok Company SRO. Accounts 44, 45, and 46 were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 213. Accounts 44, 45, and 46 were created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage.

  Approximately 99.5% of the payments into these accounts were to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Accounts 44, 45, and 46 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

# PROCOP SERVICES BV FUNDS HELD AT KNAB BANK

#### GG. Account 51 (KB \ 7664)

214. Account 51 is located in the Kingdom of the Netherlands, and held for the benefit of Backpage by a third party entity named, "Procop Services BV." Account 51 was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.

215. Account 51 was created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage. Approximately 99.5% of the payments into Accounts 51 was to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Account 51 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

# GULIETTA GROUP BV FUNDS HELD AT RABO BANK

# HH. Accounts 52 and 53 (RB '2452 and '4721)

- 216. Accounts 52 and 53 are located in the Kingdom of the Netherlands and held for the benefit of Backpage by a third party entity named, "Gulietta Group BV." Accounts 52 and 53 were funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 217. Accounts 52 and 53 were created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage. Approximately 99.5% of the payments into these accounts were to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Accounts 52 and 53 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

# CASHFLOWS EUROPE LTD FUNDS HELD FOR GULIETTA GROUP B.V., UNIVERSADS B.V., PROCOPSERVICES B.V. and PROTECCIO SRO

# II. Account 55 (SP '1262)

- 218. Account 55 is located in the United Kingdom and held by a third party entity, "Cashflows Europe Limited" ("Cashflows").

  Although Backpage is the ultimate beneficiary of Account 55,

  Cashflows acts first as an entity holding this account for the benefit of Gulietta Group B.V., Universads B.V., Procop Services B.V., and Proteccio SRO (collectively referred to as, the "Entities"), each of which company is owned or controlled by Backpage. Account 55 was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 219. Account 55 was created outside the United States with the intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage. Approximately 99.5% of the payments into Accounts 55 was to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Account 55 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

#### JJ. Account 54 (LHVP '4431)

- 220. Account 54 is an account maintained in the Republic of Estonia, held in the name of Olist OU for the benefit of Backpage. Account 54 was funded with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
  - 221. Account 54 was created outside the United States with the

intention of avoiding the "blockade" of Backpage set up by U.S. credit card companies that refused to process Backpage receipts following negative press associated with Backpage. Approximately 99.5% of the payments into Accounts 54 was to be transferred to accounts held by Ad Tech BV, a Backpage controlled company located in the Netherlands, after which transfer, the funds could be directed for the benefit of Backpage or Backpage Operators in the U.S. or abroad. All funds contained within Account 54 are traceable to SUA and involved in money laundering.

# BACKPAGE-CONTROLLED DOMAIN NAMES

# KK. ASCIO/WMB Inc Domain Names

- 222. Until recently, Backpage controlled numerous domain names, which have since been seized by the government pursuant to a seizure warrant issued in this district. 11
- 223. The Seized Domains are registered by "ASCIO TECHNOLOGIES INC" DBA "NETNAMES," a domain registrar that manages the reservation of internet domain names. A domain registrar serves to ensure that a registered domain name, like each of the Seized Domains, is not double sold.
- 224. Additionally, a domain registration will allow the owner of the domain to direct internet traffic to a company's webserver. The Seized Domains were found to have been acquired and maintained with funds traceable to the money laundering scheme described herein, specifically with funds from Account 1, and the Seized Domains were the mechanism Backpage used to promote the prostitution and sex trafficking activity.
  - 225. The following domains constitute and are derived from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> 18-MJ-00711

```
proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both:
 1
 2
          a.
               atlantabackpage.com
 3
          b.
               backpage.be
 4
          c.
               backpage.com
 5
               backpage.com.br
          d.
 6
               backpage.cz
          e.
 7
          f.
               backpage.dk
 8
               backpage.ee
          g.
 9
         h.
               backpage.es
10
          i.
               backpage.fi
11
          j.
               backpage.fr
12
         k.
               backpage.gr
13
               backpage.hu
          1.
14
               backpage.ie
         m.
15
          n.
               backpage.it
16
               backpage.lt
          ο.
17
               backpage.mx
         p.
18
          q.
               backpage.net
19
               backpage.no
          r.
20
          s.
               backpage.pl
21
          t.
               backpage.pt
22
               backpage.ro
          u.
23
               backpage.si
          v.
24
               backpage.sk
          W.
25
               backpage.us
          х.
26
               backpage-insider.com
          у.
27
               bestofbackpage.com
          z.
28
               bestofbigcity.com
          aa.
```

bigcity.com 1 bb. 2 CC. chicagobackpage.com 3 dd. denverbackpage.com 4 newyorkbackpage.com ee. 5 ff. phoenixbackpage.com 6 sandiegobackpage.com gg. 7 hh. seattlebackpage.com 8 ii. tampabackpage.com 9 SURRENDERED DOMAIN NAMES LL. Until recently, Backpage also controlled numerous domain 10 11 names that Backpage has since surrendered (pursuant to its guilty 12 plea on April 5, 2018, in the District of Arizona). 13 The following websites were purchased and/or maintained, in 14 whole or in part, with proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both: 15 16 admoderation.com (Versio) a. 17 admoderators.com (Versio) b. 18 adnet.ws (NetNames) c. 19 adplace24.com (Versio) d. 20 e. adplaces24.com (Versio) 21 f. adpost24.com (Versio) 22 adpost24.cz (GoDaddy) g. 23 adquick365.com (Versio) h. 24 i. adreputation.com (NetNames) 25 ads-posted-mp.com (Versio) j. 26 k. adsplace24.com (Versio) 27 adspot24.com (Versio) 1. 28 adspots24.com (Versio) m.

```
adsspot24.com (Versio)
 1
         n.
 2
          ο.
               adtechbv.co.nl (NetNames)
 3
               adtechbv.com (NetNames)
         р.
 4
               adtechbv.nl (NetNames)
         q.
 5
               advert-ep.com (Versio)
         r.
 6
               adverts-mp.com (Versio)
          s.
 7
               axme.com (GoDaddy)
         t.
 8
               backOage.com (NetNames)
         u.
 9
               backpa.ge (NetNames)
         v.
10
               backpaee.com (NetNames)
         w.
11
               backpage-insider.com (NetNames)
         x.
12
               backpage.adult (NetNames)
         у.
               backpage.ae (NetNames)
13
          z.
14
               backpage.at (NetNames)
         aa.
15
         bb.
               backpage.ax (NetNames)
16
         CC.
               backpage.be (NetNames)
17
               backpage.bg (European domains)
         dd.
18
          ee.
               backpage.bg (NetNames)
19
         ff.
               backpage.ca (NetNames)
20
         gg.
               backpage.cl (NetNames)
21
         hh.
               backpage.cn (European domains)
22
          ii.
               backpage.cn (NetNames)
23
          jj.
               backpage.co.id (NetNames)
24
         kk.
               backpage.co.nl (European domains)
25
          11.
               backpage.co.nl (NetNames)
26
               backpage.co.nz (NetNames)
         mm.
27
         nn.
               backpage.co.uk (NetNames)
28
          00.
               backpage.co.ve (NetNames)
```

```
backpage.co.za (NetNames)
 1
         pp.
 2
         qq.
              backpage.com (NetNames)
 3
              backpage.com.ar (NetNames)
         rr.
 4
              backpage.com.au (NetNames)
         ss.
 5
              backpage.com.ph (NetNames)
         tt.
 6
              backpage.cz (NetNames)
         uu.
 7
              backpage.dk (NetNames)
         vv.
 8
              backpage.ec (NetNames)
         ww.
 9
              backpage.ee (European domains)
         XX.
10
              backpage.ee (NetNames)
         уу.
11
              backpage.es (NetNames)
         ZZ.
12
         aaa. backpage.fi (European domains)
13
         bbb. backpage.fi (NetNames)
14
         ccc. backpage.fr (European domains)
15
         ddd. backpage.fr (NetNames)
16
         eee. backpage.gr (European domains)
17
         fff. backpage.gr (NetNames)
18
         ggg. backpage.hk (European domains)
19
         hhh. backpage.hk (NetNames)
20
         iii. backpage.hu (European domains)
21
         jjj. backpage.hu (NetNames)
22
         kkk. backpage.ie (NetNames)
23
         111. backpage.in (NetNames)
24
         mmm. backpage.it (NetNames)
25
         nnn. backpage.jp (NetNames)
26
         ooo. backpage.kr (NetNames)
27
         ppp. backpage.lt (NetNames)
28
         qqq. backpage.lv (European domains)
```

```
1
         rrr. backpage.lv (NetNames)
 2
         sss. backpage.me (NetNames)
 3
          ttt. backpage.mx (NetNames)
 4
         uuu. backpage.my (NetNames)
 5
         vvv. backpage.net (NetNames)
 6
         www. backpage.nl (NetNames)
 7
         xxx. backpage.no (European domains)
 8
         yyy. backpage.no (NetNames)
 9
          zzz. backpage.nz (NetNames)
10
                    backpage.pe (NetNames)
         aaaa.
11
         bbbb.
                    backpage.ph (NetNames)
12
                    backpage.pk (NetNames)
          cccc.
                    backpage.pl (NetNames)
13
         dddd.
14
                    backpage.porn (NetNames)
          eeee.
15
          ffff.
                    backpage.pt (NetNames)
16
                    backpage.ro (European domains)
         gggg.
17
         hhhh.
                    backpage.ro (NetNames)
18
          iiii.
                    backpage.se (NetNames)
19
                    backpage.sex (NetNames)
          jjjj.
20
         kkkk.
                    backpage.sg (NetNames)
21
          1111.
                    backpage.si (European domains)
22
                    backpage.si (NetNames)
         mmmm.
23
         nnnn.
                    backpage.sk (European domains)
24
                    backpage.sk (NetNames)
          0000.
25
                    backpage.sucks (NetNames)
         pppp.
26
                    backpage.tw (NetNames)
          qqqq.
27
                    backpage.uk (NetNames)
          rrrr.
28
                    backpage.uk.com (NetNames)
          ssss.
```

```
backpage.us (NetNames)
 1
         tttt.
 2
         uuuu.
                    backpage.vn (NetNames)
 3
                    backpage.xxx (NetNames)
         vvvv.
 4
                    backpage.xyz (NetNames)
         wwww.
 5
         xxxx.
                    backpagecompimp.com (NetNames)
 6
                    backpagecompimps.com (NetNames)
         уууу.
 7
                    backpagepimp.com (NetNames)
         ZZZZ.
 8
                    backpagepimps.com (NetNames)
         aaaaa.
 9
         bbbbb.
                    backpagg.com (NetNames)
10
                    backpagm.com (NetNames)
         cccc.
11
                    backpagu.com (NetNames)
         ddddd.
12
         eeeee.
                    backpaoe.com (NetNames)
13
         fffff.
                    backpawe.com (NetNames)
14
                    backqage.com (NetNames)
         ggggg.
15
         hhhhh.
                    backrage.com (NetNames)
16
         iiiiii.
                    backxage.com (NetNames)
17
         jjjjj.
                    bakkpage.com (NetNames)
18
         kkkkk.
                    bcklistings.com (NetNames)
19
                    bestofbackpage.com (NetNames)
         11111.
20
         mmmmm.
                    bestofbigcity.com (NetNames)
21
                    bickpage.com (NetNames)
         nnnnn.
22
                    bigcity.com (NetNames)
         00000.
23
                    bpclassified.com (NetNames)
         ppppp.
24
                    bpclassifieds.com (NetNames)
         qqqqq.
25
                    carlferrer.com (NetNames)
         rrrrr.
26
                    clasificadosymas.com (NetNames)
         SSSSS.
27
         ttttt.
                    clasificadosymas.net (NetNames)
28
                    clasificadosymas.org (NetNames)
         uuuuu.
```

```
classifiedsolutions.co.uk (NetNames)
 1
         vvvvv.
 2
                    classifiedsolutions.net (NetNames)
         . WWWWW
                    classyadultads.com (Versio)
 3
         XXXXX.
 4
                    columbusbackpage.com (NetNames)
         ууууу.
 5
                    connecticutbackpage.com (NetNames)
         ZZZZZ.
 6
                    cracker.co.id (NetNames)
         aaaaaa.
 7
                    cracker.com (NetNames)
         bbbbbb.
 8
                    cracker.com.au (NetNames)
         ccccc.
                    cracker.id (NetNames)
 9
         dddddd.
10
         eeeeee.
                    cracker.net.au (NetNames)
11
         ffffff.
                    crackers.com.au (NetNames)
12
                    crackers.net.au (NetNames)
         gggggg.
13
         hhhhhh.
                    ctbackpage.com (NetNames)
14
         iiiiii.
                    dallasbackpage.com (NetNames)
15
         jjjjjj.
                    denverbackpage.com (NetNames)
16
         kkkkkk.
                    easypost123.com (Versio)
17
                    easyposts123.com (Versio)
         1111111.
18
         mmmmmm.
                    emais.com.pt (NetNames)
19
                    evilempire.com (NetNames)
         nnnnnn.
20
                    ezpost123.com (Versio)
         000000.
21
                    fackpage.com (NetNames)
         pppppp.
22
                    fastadboard.com (Versio)
         qqqqqq.
23
                    quliettagroup.nl (Versio)
         rrrrrr.
24
                    htpp.org (NetNames)
         sssss.
25
                    ichold.com (NetNames)
         tttttt.
26
                    internetspeechfoundation.com (nameisp)
         uuuuuu.
27
                    internetspeechfoundation.org (nameisp)
         VVVVVV.
28
                    loads2drive.com (NetNames)
         . WWWWWW
```

```
loadstodrive.com (NetNames)
 1
         XXXXXX.
 2
                   loadtodrive.com (NetNames)
         уууууу.
 3
                   losangelesbackpage.com (NetNames)
         ZZZZZZ.
 4
                   mediafilecloud.com (NetNames)
         aaaaaaa.
 5
         bbbbbbb.
                   miamibackpage.com (NetNames)
 6
                   minneapolisbackpage.com (NetNames)
         cccccc.
 7
                   mobileposting.com (Versio)
         ddddddd.
 8
                   mobilepostings.com (Versio)
         eeeeeee.
 9
         fffffff.
                   mobilepostlist.com (Versio)
10
                   mobilposting.com (Versio)
         ggggggg.
11
         hhhhhhh.
                   naked.city (NetNames)
12
                   nakedcity.com (NetNames)
         iiiiiiii.
13
         ijjjjjj.
                   newyorkbackpage.com (NetNames)
14
         kkkkkkk.
                   paidbyhour.com (NetNames)
15
         1111111.
                   petseekr.com (NetNames)
16
         mmmmmmm.
                   petsfindr.com (NetNames)
17
         nnnnnnn.
                   phoenixbackpage.com (NetNames)
18
                   posteasy123.com (Versio)
         0000000.
19
                   postfaster.com (NetNames)
         ppppppp.
20
                   postfastly.com (NetNames)
         qqqqqqq.
21
                   postfastr.com (NetNames)
         rrrrrrr.
22
                   postonlinewith.com (Versio)
         ssssss.
23
         tttttt.
                   postonlinewith.me (Versio)
24
                   postseasy123.com (Versio)
         uuuuuuu.
25
                   postsol.com (GoDaddy)
         VVVVVVV.
26
                   postszone24.com (Versio)
         . WWWWWWW
27
         XXXXXXX.
                   postzone24.com (Versio)
28
                   postzones24.com (Versio)
         ууууууу.
```

```
rentseekr.com (NetNames)
 1
         ZZZZZZZ.
 2
         aaaaaaaaa. results911.com (NetNames)
 3
         4
         ccccccc. sanfranciscobackpage.com (NetNames)
 5
         dddddddd. seattlebackpage.com (NetNames)
 6
         eeeeeeee. sellyostuffonline.com (Versio)
 7
         ffffffff. sfbackpage.com (NetNames)
 8
         qqqqqqq, simplepost24.com (Versio)
 9
         hhhhhhhh. simpleposts24.com (Versio)
         iiiiiiii. svc.ws (NetNames)
10
11
         jjjjjjj. truckrjobs.com (NetNames)
12
         kkkkkkkk. ugctechgroup.com (NetNames)
         llllllll. universads.nl (Versio)
13
14
         mmmmmmmmm. villagevoicepimps.com (GoDaddy)
15
         nnnnnnnn. websitetechnologies.co.uk (NetNames)
16
         oooooooo. websitetechnologies.com (NetNames)
         ppppppppp. websitetechnologies.net (NetNames)
17
18
         qqqqqqq, websitetechnologies.nl (NetNames)
19
         rrrrrrr. websitetechnologies.org (NetNames)
20
         sssssss. weprocessmoney.com (GoDaddy)
21
         tttttttt. wst.ws (NetNames)
22
         uuuuuuuu. xn--yms-fla.com (NetNames)
23
         vvvvvvvv. ymas.ar.com (European domains)
24
         wwwwwwww. ymas.br.com (European domains)
25
         xxxxxxxx. ymas.br.com (NetNames)
26
         yyyyyyyy. ymas.bz (European domains)
27
         zzzzzzzz. ymas.bz (NetNames)
28
                       ymas.cl (European domains)
         aaaaaaaaa.
```

```
1
         bbbbbbbbbbbb.
                         ymas.cl (NetNames)
 2
         cccccccc.
                         ymas.co.bz (European domains)
 3
         ddddddddd.
                         ymas.co.bz (NetNames)
 4
                         ymas.co.cr (European domains)
         eeeeeeee.
 5
         fffffffff.
                         ymas.co.cr (NetNames)
 6
                         ymas.co.ni (European domains)
         gggggggg.
 7
         hhhhhhhhh.
                         ymas.co.ni (NetNames)
 8
         iiiiiiiii.
                         ymas.co.ve (European domains)
 9
                         ymas.co.ve (NetNames)
         iiiiiiiiii.
10
         kkkkkkkkk.
                         ymas.com (NetNames)
11
         1111111111.
                         ymas.com.br (European domains)
12
         mmmmmmmmm.
                         ymas.com.br (NetNames)
13
         nnnnnnnn.
                         ymas.com.bz (European domains)
14
                         ymas.com.bz (NetNames)
         00000000.
15
                         ymas.com.co (European domains)
         pppppppppppppp.
16
                         ymas.com.co (NetNames)
         qqqqqqqq.
17
         rrrrrrrr.
                         ymas.com.do (European domains)
18
                         ymas.com.do (NetNames)
         SSSSSSSS.
19
         tttttttt.
                         ymas.com.ec (European domains)
20
                         ymas.com.ec (NetNames)
         uuuuuuuu.
21
         vvvvvvvv.
                         ymas.com.es (European domains)
22
         . WWWWWWWW
                         ymas.com.es (NetNames)
23
                         ymas.com.gt (European domains)
         XXXXXXXX.
24
                         ymas.com.gt (NetNames)
         уууууууу.
25
                         ymas.com.hn (European domains)
         ZZZZZZZZZ.
26
         aaaaaaaaaa.
                         ymas.com.hn (NetNames)
27
         bbbbbbbbbb.
                         ymas.com.mx
                                       (NetNames)
28
                         ymas.com.ni (European domains)
         cccccccc.
```

```
ymas.com.ni (NetNames)
 1
         dddddddddd.
 2
         eeeeeeeee.
                        ymas.com.pe (European domains)
 3
         fffffffff.
                        ymas.com.pe (NetNames)
 4
                        ymas.com.pr (European domains)
         ggggggggg.
 5
         hhhhhhhhhh.
                        ymas.com.pr (NetNames)
 6
         iiiiiiiiii.
                        ymas.com.pt (NetNames)
 7
                        ymas.com.uy (European domains)
         iiiiiiiii.
 8
         kkkkkkkkkk.
                        ymas.com.uy (NetNames)
 9
         11111111111.
                        ymas.com.ve (European domains)
10
         mmmmmmmmm .
                        ymas.com.ve (NetNames)
                        ymas.cr (European domains)
11
         nnnnnnnnn.
12
         000000000.
                        ymas.cr (NetNames)
                        ymas.do (European domains)
13
         pppppppppppppppppppp.
14
                        ymas.do (NetNames)
         qqqqqqqqq.
15
                        ymas.ec (European domains)
         rrrrrrrrr.
16
         SSSSSSSSS.
                        ymas.ec (NetNames)
17
         tttttttt.
                        ymas.es (European domains)
18
                        ymas.es (NetNames)
         uuuuuuuuu.
19
         vvvvvvvvv.
                        ymas.org (NetNames)
20
                        ymas.pe (European domains)
         . WWWWWWWWW
21
         xxxxxxxxx.
                        ymas.pe (NetNames)
22
                        ymas.pt (NetNames)
         ууууууууу.
23
                        ymas.us (European domains)
         ZZZZZZZZZZ.
24
                        ymas.us (NetNames)
         aaaaaaaaaa.
25
         ymas.uy (European domains)
26
         ccccccccc.
                        ymas.uy (NetNames)
27
         dddddddddd.
                        ymas.uy.com (European domains)
28
```

BACKPAGE SURRENDERED ASSETS

MM. ASSETS BACKPAGE SURRENDERED TO THE GOVERNMENT

- 228. On or about May 8, 2018, all of the funds, digital currencies, and other property listed in this subsection were transferred into the United States Postal Inspection Service ("USPIS") holding bank account, Bitcoins wallet, Bitcoins Cash wallet, Litecoin wallet, and Bitcoins Gold wallet. These Surrendered Assets constitute and are derived from proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
- 229. On May 8, 2018, within the Stipulation for Preliminary Order of Forfeiture, CR18-465-PHX-SPL, Ferrer, in his capacity as CEO of Backpage, stipulated that the following bank funds, securities, or other assets are criminally derived proceeds of Backpage's illegal activity, involved in money laundering transactions, or both, and as such, are forfeitable property:
- a. \$699,940.00 wire transferred from ING Bank account `7684, held in the name of Payment Solutions BV;
- b. \$106,988.41 wire transferred from ING Bank account '2071, held in the name of Payment Solutions BV;
- c. \$499,910.01 wire transferred from US Bank account '0239, held in the name of Affordable Bail Bonds LLC;
- d. \$50,000.00 wire transferred from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177, held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC;
- e. \$1,876.36 wire transferred from ING Bank account '2071, held in the name of Payment Solutions BV;
- f. \$699,940.00 wire transferred from ING Bank account '7684, held in the name of Payment Solutions BV;
  - g. \$248,970.00 wire transferred from Citibank NA, account

'0457, held in the name of Paul Hastings LLP; 1 2 \$52,500.00 wire transferred from Enterprise Bank and Trust account '7177, held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC; 3 4 i. \$65,000.00 wire transferred from Enterprise Bank and Trust 5 account '7177, held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC; 6 \$5,534.54 wire transferred from Enterprise Bank and Trust j. 7 account '7177, held in the name of Global Trading Solutions LLC; and k. 8 \$40,000.00 wire transferred from Crypto Capital: 9 i. 6 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet; 10 11 ii. 199.99995716 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet; 12 13 iii. 404.99984122 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage 14 controlled wallet; 15 iv. 173.97319 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet; 16 17 411.00019 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage v. 18 controlled wallet; 19 vi. 2.00069333 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage 20 controlled wallet; 21 vii. 136.6544695 Bitcoins transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet; 22 23 2,673.59306905 Bitcoins Cash transferred viii. 24 from a Backpage controlled wallet; 25 55.5 Bitcoins Cash transferred from a Backpage ix. 26 controlled wallet; 27 73.62522241 Bitcoins Cash transferred from a x. 28 Backpage controlled wallet;

- xi. 16,310.79413202 Litecoin transferred from a
  Backpage controlled wallet;
- xii. 783.9735116 Litecoin transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet; and
- xiii. 509.81904619 Bitcoins Gold transferred from a Backpage controlled wallet.
- 230. Backpage surrendered to a USPIS holding bank account the following assets that constitute and are derived from proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both:
- a. On or about October 30, 2018, approximately \$182,182.50 previously held in the name of 'Ad Tech BV' at Amro Bank N.V. Account '6352 ("Amro '6352 Funds" or "Account 63");
- b. On or about December 11, 2018, approximately \$518,172.92 previously held in the name of 'Cardquiry' at Wells Fargo Bank Account '4455 ("WF '4455 Funds" or "Account 66"); and
- c. On or about January 8, 2019, approximately \$11,802.76 previously held for the benefit of Backpage and related entities by the law firm 'Schiff Hardin LLP' at Citibank Account '6937 ("Citibank '6973 Funds" or "Account 65").

# NN. BACKPAGE ASSETS SURRENDERED TO THE GOVERNMENT BY OTHERS

231. On or about November 13, 2018, the holder of Plains Capital Account '3921 agreed to and did wire \$23,175 to the USPIS holding account. The holder of Plains Capital Account '3921 agreed to wire, and did wire, these funds to the government in lieu of the government executing a seizure warrant on these funds, which funds constitute and are derived from proceeds traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.

# OO. BACKPAGE FUNDS PREVIOUSLY HELD AT DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE 232. On August 13, 2018, Davis Wright Tremaine initiated a wire transfer of \$3,713,121.03 from Bank of America account '3414, held in the name of Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP into the government holding

account.

- a. Between January 13 and January 20, 2017, a GoCoin account wire transferred \$1,318,800 to the Veritex Account;
- b. On June 22, 2017, the Veritex Account wire transferred \$1,000,000 into Account 27;
- c. On April 27, 2017, the Netherlands Account wire transferred \$2,500,000 to Account 27;
- d. On April 28, 2017, the Netherlands Account wire transferred \$2,500,000 to Account 27;
- e. On May 24, 2017, Account 1 wire transferred \$500,000 into Account 27;
- f. On September 13, 2017, Account 1 wire transferred
  \$1,000,000 into Account 27;
- g. On September 27, 2017, the Netherlands Account wire transferred about \$778,802.96 into Account 27; and
- h. On October 20, 2017, Account 1 wire transferred \$500,000 into Account 27.

# FUNDS HELD AT USAA SAVINGS BANK FOR THE BENEFIT OF MICHAEL LACEY

- PP. Accounts 59, 60, 61, and 62 (USAA '2155, '2058, '2171, and, 1507)
- 233. Accounts 59, 60, 60, and 62, are all held in the name of Anne Hawkins, a sister-in-law to Larkin, and were funded with proceeds alleged to have been traceable to SUA, involved in money laundering, or both.
  - 234. Between December 14, 2015, and February 9, 2017, a company

doing business for GoCoin initiated approximately 39 wire transfers totaling approximately \$3,959,557.78 in criminal proceeds from the Slovakia Account to Website Tech Account '2008, in the United States.

- 235. Between January 21, 2016, and August 31, 2016, Website Tech Account '2008 initiated approximately 27 wire transfers totaling approximately \$48 million to Arizona Bank & Trust account number '6211 ("AZBT '6211"), belonging to Cereus Properties LLC, which is owned or controlled by Spear, Backpage, and or other Backpage Operators.
- 236. On January 4, 2017, AZBT '6211 initiated four wires:
  - a. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '6039, held in the name of Oaxaca Living Trust with Kathleen D. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab '6039");
  - b. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '9083, held in the name of Puebla Living trust with Rose L. Larkin as the sole beneficiary (Schwab '9083");
  - c. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '7249, held in the name of Cuernavaca Living Trust with Quinn M. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab '8628"); and
  - d. \$33,591.34 to Charles Schwab account '8628, held in the name of Chiapas Living trust with John C. Larkin as the sole beneficiary ("Schwab '8628").
  - 237. Several days after the wire transfers from AZBT `6211 to the four Charles Schwab accounts, funds were wire transferred to four AZBT accounts.
  - a. On January 10, 2017, Schwab '6039 wired \$840,692.69 to

    Arizona Bank & Trust account '3835, held in the name of Oaxaca Living

    Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Kathleen

Dewhurst Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3835");

- b. On January 11, 2017, Schwab '9083 wired \$840,672.72 to
  Arizona Bank & Trust account '3864 held in the name of Puebla Living
  Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Rose Lyons
  Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3864");
- c. On January 12, 2017, Schwab '7249 wired \$840,672.70 to Arizona Bank & Trust account '3859 held in the name of Cuernavaca Living Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and Quinn McCarthy Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3859"); and
- d. On January 10, 2017, Schwab '8628 wired \$840,672.70 to
  Arizona Bank & Trust account '3840 held in the name of Chiapas Living
  Trust UTA with Lacey and Hawkins as the Trustees and John Carey
  Larkin as the beneficiary ("AZBT '3840").
- 238. On January 11, 2018, and in addition to the previous wire transfers, AZBT '6211 transferred \$33,591.34 to each of the Living Trust accounts, AZBT '3835, AZBT '3864, AZBT '3859, and AZBT '3840.
- 239. On February 9, 2017, the four Oaxaca Living Trust accounts, AZBT '3835, AZBT '3864, AZBT '3859, and AZBT '3840, wire transferred approximately \$874,330 to SUBJECT ACCOUNTS 59, 60, 61, and 62. More specifically:
- a. On February 9, 2017, AZBT '3835 wired \$874,334.26 to SUBJECT ACCOUNT 59.
- b. On February 9, 2017, AZBT '3864 wired \$874,332.68 to SUBJECT ACCOUNT 60.
- c. On February 9, 2017, AZBT '3835 wired \$874,331.01 to SUBJECT ACCOUNT 61.
- d. On February 9, 2017, AZBT '3835 wired \$874,334.27 to SUBJECT ACCOUNT 62.

# FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

 $(18 \text{ U.S.C.} \S 981(a)(1)(C))$ 

240. Based on the facts set out above, Plaintiff alleges that the Defendant Assets constitute, and are derived from, proceeds traceable to one or more violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1591 (Sex Trafficking of Children) and 1952 (Interstate and Foreign Travel in Aid of Racketeering Enterprise), each of which is a specified unlawful activity under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(c)(7)(A), 1956(c)(7)(B)(iv) and 1956(c)(7)(D), and a conspiracy to commit such offenses. The Defendant Assets are therefore subject to forfeiture to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C).

# SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(A))

241. Based on the facts set out above, Plaintiff alleges that the Defendant Assets were involved in, and are traceable to, property involved in one or more transactions or attempted transactions in violation of section 18 U.S.C. § 1957, and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of section 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h).

Specifically, the Defendant Assets were involved in and are traceable to property involved in one or more financial transactions, attempted transactions, and a conspiracy to conduct or attempt to conduct such transactions in criminally derived property of a value greater than \$10,000 that was derived from specified unlawful activities, to wit, violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1591 (Sex Trafficking of Children) and 1952 (Interstate and Foreign Travel in Aid of Racketeering Enterprise), each of which is a specified unlawful activity under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(c)(7)(A), 1956(c)(7)(B)(iv) and 1956(c)(7)(D), and a conspiracy to commit such offenses. The

Defendant Assets are therefore subject to forfeiture to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(A).

# THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(18 U.S.C. 981(a)(1)(A))

242. Based on the facts set out above, Plaintiff alleges that the Defendant Assets were involved in, and are traceable to property involved in, one or more transactions or attempted transactions in violation of section 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) (Concealment Money Laundering), (a)(2) (International Money Laundering), and a conspiracy to commit such offenses, in violation of section 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h). Specifically, the Defendant Assets were involved in and are traceable to property involved in one or more financial transactions, attempted transactions, and a conspiracy to conduct or attempt to conduct such transactions involving the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, to wit, violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1591 (Sex Trafficking of Children) and 1952 (Interstate and Foreign Travel in Aid of Racketeering Enterprise), each of which is a specified unlawful activity under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(c)(7)(A), 1956(c)(7)(B)(iv) and 1956(c)(7)(D), and a conspiracy to commit such offenses. The Defendant Assets are therefore subject to forfeiture to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C.  $\S$  981(a)(1)(A).

WHEREFORE, plaintiff United States of America prays that:

- (a) due process issue to enforce the forfeiture of the Defendant Assets;
- (b) due notice be given to all interested parties to appear and show cause why forfeiture should not be decreed;

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1	(c) that this Court decree forfeiture of the Defendant Assets
2	to the United States of America for disposition according to law; and
3	(d) for such other and further relief as this Court may deem
4	just and proper, together with the costs and disbursements of this
5	action.
6	Dated: August 13, 2019 NICOLA T. HANNA United States Attorney
7	LAWRENCE S. MIDDLETON Assistant United States Attorney
8	Chief, Criminal Division STEVEN R. WELK
9	Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Asset Forfeiture Section
10	
11	/s/John J. Kucera JOHN J. KUCERA
12	Assistant United States Attorney
13	Attorneys for Plaintiff UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
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# VERIFICATION

- I, Lyndon A Versoza, hereby declare that:
- 1. I am a United States Postal Inspector with the United States Postal Inspection Service. I am the case agent for the civil forfeiture action entitled United States v. Approximately \$518,172.92 in Bank Funds Seized from Wells Fargo Bank Account '4455.
- 2. I have read the above Verified Complaint for Forfeiture and know its contents, which is based upon my own personal knowledge and reports provided to me by other agents.
- 3. Everything contained in the Complaint is true and correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
- I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on August 13, 2019 in Los Angeles, California.

Sply

LYNDON A VERSOZA
U.S. Postal Inspector
United States Postal Inspection
Service